THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. 47. TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 10, 1832. NO. 85.

PUBLISHED BY NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
Near the S. W. Corner of the Diamond.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (every Tuesday and Friday,) at $4 per annum, payable half yearly in advance. ☞It is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at $2 per annum, paid in advance, or $3 if not paid until the end of the year.

REES R. JONES,

TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND SEGAR
MANUFACTURER.

NO. 33 Hand street, Pittsburgh, offers for sale, on the most liberal terms—
Scotch and Rappee Snuff;
Box Tobacco, 2 and 8 lumps to the pound;
Ladies' Twist do 8 and 9 rolls do
Spun Plug do 2, 3, 5, and 6 rolls do
Virginia Twist do 5, 8, and 13 twists do
Cavendish do 1 do do
Spanish and half Spanish Cigars;
Melee and American do
☞All the above articles are warranted to be of the first quality. February 17, 1832.—tf

DOCTOR ROBERT'S
☞*WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.*☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn. It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,
From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.
UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26—tf.

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.
Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

MILL AND CROSS-CUT SAWS.

THE Subscriber has the satisfaction to say to the public, and his friends, that he has connected with his other business, the manufactury of Mill and Cross Cut Saws; and can furnish supplies to merchants and others: he believes them to be equal to any ever used in the western country—the experience of the workmen employed, with the known good qualities of the steel, justifies him in warranting the article to any who may be disposed to patronize western industry.

Z. PACKARD.
Northern Liberties, Pittsburgh, December 9, 1831. } tf

The undersigned, agent for the Point Saw Mill, in Pittsburgh, takes pleasure in saying, that the Mill Saws, made by Z. Packard, and which are now in use, in his mill, are equal, if not superior, to any he has ever used.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM, Ag't.
Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1831.

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
Booksellers, Printers, Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh
march 14—tf.

DRUGS, &c.

WILLIAM MITCHELTREE & SON, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have opened a *Wholesale and Retail Drug Store, at No.* 162 *Liberty street, (opposite Sixth street,)* where they have received, and intend keeping, a general supply of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, &c., which they will sell on the most reasonable terms.

Having made arrangements in the eastern cities for a regular supply, they are enabled to sell at the lowest prices. ☞Physicians and country merchants are respectfully invited to call.

Pittsburgh, March 30, 1832.—6m

HOLDERS of Sovereigns, Guineas, and every description of GOLD, can obtain the very highest prices, by applying at this office.—Every description of paper discounted at reduced rates. GEORGE A COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. October 21, 1831.—tf.

E. HALE, SURGEON DENTIST,

HAS removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Saml. P. Darlington, No. 71 in Fourth street, next door to the corner of Wood st. where he will be happy to wait upon those who may require his professional services, in all its various branches.

N. B.—For sale, a superior Tooth Powder. Also, J. White's Tooth Ache Drops.
March 10, 1832.—tf

To Paper Manufacturers.

THE Subscribers take this opportunity to acquaint Manufacturers of Paper, that they are now prepared to execute orders for Paper Machines of every description upon the most approved plans. Also, *Drying and Cutting Machines*, all of which will be warranted equal in all respects to any similar machines in the United States.—Persons about to erect Paper Mills, will not incur any additional expense in purchasing the Drying Machine, as the cost of same is less than the expense of building Drying Lofts and their fixtures. The above Machines were first introduced into this country by the subscriber, Charles M. Pickering, who has built and put into operation most of the Machines now in use. Amongst others, the following Manufacturers, in the United States, are referred to for his character and ability to perform his engagements.

C. M. PICKERING & CO.
112, Beekman st. } New York
109, Water st. }

References —
Wm. Parker. Esq. Boston, Mass.
A. C. & W. Curtis, Newton, "
Amos Hubbard, Esq. Norwich, Conn.
Henry Hudson, Esq. Hartford, "
Joseph Kingsland, Esq. Belleville, N. J.
Morris & Burritt, New York City.
J. & S. Campbell, "
April 6, 1832.—2aw3m

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he lives, in Washington county, on Pigeon creek, one mile south of Williamsport, on the Monongahela river, to which there is a perfectly level road. This farm contains near 400 acres, the greater part of which is first rate land. There is on the premises a Brick Dwelling House, a Merchant mill, in good repair, a new saw mill, a stone still house, 35 by 40 feet; a salt works is also in operation, and worked to advantage; about 150 acres of land cleared and under good fence. There is on the premises three small tenements for the accommodation of families. This tract is well timbered, and abounds with stone coal and springs of water, both of the best quality.

To a person wishing to embark in a manufacturing business, and possessing capital, this would be a very desirable situation, having the advantage of both water power from Pigeon creek, and banks of the very best coal near to the works, and easy of access, and its vicinity to so navigable a river, where articles of any kind are so cheaply transported to Pittsburgh.

For further particulars, apply to James P. Stuart, Merchant, Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.
Dec. 16—tf. ROB'T. M'FARLAND.

50 Hogsheads Kentucky Leaf Tobacco;
65 do New Orleans Sugar;
50 boxes Cavendish Tobacco.
Received per late arrivals, and for sale by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.
March 9.

30 DOLLARS REWARD.—Ran away from the subscribers, on Sunday the 16th ultimo, DANIEL M'CARTNEY, an indented apprentice to the Coppersmith Business. He is 19 years of age, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, dark hair, blue eyes, and rather fair complexion. He took with him a blue tight-bodied coat, partly worn, with gilt buttons; one pair new black mixed cassinet pantaloons, and one pair of black worsted or bombazine ditto; one light blue cassinet waistcoat; one striped swansdown ditto, and a new pair of pegged bootees, together with other clothes not recollected. He has a brother living in Mobile, (engineer on the steam boat Isabella,) and has often said he would like to go there. He has been much in the habit of reading plays, and frequently associated with play actors: in all probability his object is to join with some *traveling players*.

The above reward will be given to any person who will apprehend and secure the said apprentice so that the subscribers may get him again. The public are cautioned against harboring him, under the penalty of the law.

L. & P. PETERSON.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 8, 1831.—tf

LARGE & ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF
CABINET-WARE.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that they have on hand, at their cabinet manufactory, on Liberty street, opposite Smithfield street, a large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE—consisting of Sofas; Couches; Mahogany Chairs; Pier, Eve, and Card tables; Work tables, Dining and Breakfast tables of every variety; Sideboards; Bureaus; Ladies' Dressing stands; Secretaries; Book cases; Wardrobes; together with High, French, and Common Bedsteads; which they will sell on the most reasonable terms. They flatter themselves, that, by constant attention to business, and faithful workmanship, they will merit a share of public patronage.

WM. ALEXANDER,
S. AVARD.
may 25, 1832.—tf

Ten Acre Lots for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale Eight Lots of Ground, situated in view of the town of East Liberty, containing about 10 acres each.

The above Lots are handsomely located; suitable for country residences. The terms will be accommodating to purchasers. For a plan of the lots and other particulars, apply to the proprietor, No. 194 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

JAMES LAUGHLIN.
may 8, 1832.—tf

FOR RENT,

THE EAGLE STEAM MILL, for manufacturing Flour.

ALSO,

THE FOUNDRY now occupied by Messrs. Kingsland, Lightner & Co., situate on the Monongahela river and Suke's run. Possession to be had on the 1st of April next.

Apply at the Office of the Bank of the United States. January 11.—tf

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER
January 22, 1830.—tf

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.
January 21.

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.
October 26, 1830—tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.
Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,
No. 20, South Front street,
PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale. January 18—tf

REMOVAL.

DR. E. MERRITT, DENTIST, has removed to Liberty street, No. 78, corner of Evans' alley. Dr. E. M. will be in his room from 9 o'clock in the morning till 3 o'clock in the afternoon, (Fridays excepted,) where all operations in the line of his profession will be performed.

P. S.—Dentists can be furnished with his beautifully nufamactured Porcelain Teeth.
March 27, 1832.—tf.

J. C. BUCKLES, Commission Merchant,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forwardevery description of GOODS.
December 21, 1827—tf.

DAVY'S CONSOLATIONS.

JUST published, and for sale, by Hogan & Co. Corner of Front and Market streets, CONSOLATIONS IN TRAVEL; or the Last Day's of a Philosopher; by Sir *Humphrey Davy*, Bart. late President of the Royal Society. With a sketch of the Author's Life, and Notes, by Jacob Green-M. D. Professor of Chemistry in Jefferson Medical College. Sept. 21.—tf.

50 HHDS. Prime N. O. Sugar;
90 bbls. *Molasses*;
25 half bbls. do
100 boxes Tin Plate, 1-3 x;
100 bbls. No. 2 *Mackerel*;
50 bbls. No. 3 do;
30 half bbls. Nos. 1 and 2 do;
9 bbls. New England Rum;
50 do Tanners' Oil;
50 do Rosin and Pitch;
5 casks Cod Fish;
6 tierces Rice;
100 kegs Ky. *Manufactured* Tobacco;
150 boxes *Melee* Cigars.
Just received and for sale by
JOHN D. DAVIS & Co.,
No. 38 Water, and 78 Front streets.
may 4—tf

500 DOZEN of Waldron's, Griffin's, Passmore's, Blanchard's, and Stone's Corn, Grass, and German SCYTHES. Also, Scythe Rifles, Darby Creek, Milan, and Real English, *Rag Stones*—for sale by
SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK & Co.
march 16—tf.

LAW NOTICE.

GEO. W. ACHESON, Attorney at Law—Office at the southwest corner of Market street and the Diamond. ☞Entrance, No. 3 in the Diamond. march 27, 1832.—tf.

NEW WHOLESALE DRY GOODS STORE,
NUMBER 84 WOOD STREET,
Corner of Diamond Alley.

JOHN H. BROWN & CO.

ARE now opening a well selected and general assortment of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
Purchased for Cash, in the New York and Philadelphia Markets, which they offer by the piece o package, at a small advance.

Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine their stock.
Pittsburgh, April 3, 1832.—tf

WANTED,

TWENTY Shares Bank of Pittsburgh Stock, for which a liberal premium will be allowed. Apply to
CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE.
may 25.

DOCTOR WARE,

SURGEON DENTIST, has removed to No. 44 Fourth street, in the Office formerly occupied by James S. Craft, Esq., two doors west of Market street. May 11.—tf

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,
SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
(From London, and recently of Baltimore,)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin,)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22—tf

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of JULIEN DROCOURT, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, and persons having claims on the estate, will present them to us for settlement.

THOMAS PLUMER, *Executor.*
HENRIETTA DROCOURT, *Executrix*
July 26, 1831.—tf

JOHN ALEXANDER

Has Removed his Wholesale and Retail
CHEAP CASH STORE,
To his old, well known stand, 65 Market street,

ON which has been erected that splendid and extensive building with the IRON FRONT, where he is now opening, and will keep constantly on hand, a large stock of Staple, and the most splendid stock of Fancy DRY GOODS, ever offered in this city; which will be sold, wholesale or retail, at a small advance for cash.

Also, A large stock of MAHOGANY, at reduced prices. J. A.
August 2, 1831—tf

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY of Hartford, Connecticut—incorporated by the State of Connecticut—will make insurance against the dangers of Inland Navigation; on Steam, Keel, and Flat Boats, together with their cargoes, as well as on property in ships, on the high seas. Also, against fire, on every description of Buildings, and on Merchandise, Furniture, and Machinery contained therein.

Their terms will be as favorable as those of any other company in the United States; and all claims upon them will be promptly and liberally adjusted.

WM. W. ELLSWORTH, *President.*
THOS. C. PERKINS, *Secretary.*

☞The subscriber, having been appointed Surveyor for this city and vicinity, will make surveys of any of the above specified risks, and forward them to the General Agency at Cincinnati, where the Policies will be executed.

MOSES ATWOOD,
Corner of Wood and Front streets.
Pittsburgh, 14th Oct. 1831.—1y

WILLIAMSON'S EXCHANGE,
PITTSBURGH.

THIS new and extensive Hotel, believed to be one of the best in the United States, is now open for the accommodation of the public.—The advertiser, well known as the conductor of a public house in the cities of Baltimore and Washington, takes this method of informing those who have heretofore patronized him, and travelers generally, that his entire efforts shall be directed to the comfort, ease, and quietude of all who may favor him with their custom. He appeals to his old friends for a "passing word" to strangers who may have occasion to visit Pittsburgh, pledging himself that nothing shall be wanting, on his part, to make their sojourn as agreeable as possible. Charges will be much the same as in the other respecable Hotels. The best servants from the Atlantic cities will be immediately engaged. The proprietor respectfully invites a call. Dec. 24.—tf.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing, under the firm of Wm. G. Davis & Co., Blairsville, Pa., and Wm. G. Davis & Co., Wheeling, Va., is dissolved by mutual consent.

Any persons having unsettled accounts against either of the above concerns, will please present them for payment to John D. Davis & Co.; and those indebted, are requested to make payments without delay, to either of the subscribers.

JOHN D. DAVIS,
WM. G. DAVIS.
Pittsburgh, 30th march, 1832.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE subscribers have associated themselves together in business, under the firm of JOHN D. DAVIS & CO., as Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants; and respectfully offer their services to their friends and the public. No 38, Water, and 78, Front streets.

JOHN D. DAVIS,
WM. G. DAVIS.
Pittsburgh, march 30, 1832.—tf.

NEW DRUG STORE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have opened a Drug Store, No. 42 Market street, second door below third, where they have just received a large and general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dye-Stuffs, Window Glass, Perfumery, &c. which they offer for sale, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable terms.

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.

☞For sale, as above, Mons. Chabert, the celebrated French Fire King's Tapuyas Elixir, an instantaneous cure for the tooth ache.
April 13, 1832.—tf

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

PUBLIC SALES of Groceries, and Furniture every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and of Dry Goods and Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, Jewelry, &c. every evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Liberal advances made on consignments.
April 5—tf.

COACH TRIMMER & BLACKSMITH WANTED.—The subscriber wishes to employ a Coach Trimmer, and a Blacksmith acquainted with carriage work. To sober, industrious workmen, masters of the above branches, good wages and constant employment will be given. For further particulars inquire at the office of the Pittsburgh Gazette. JAMES S. WHYTE.
Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 27, 1831.—tf.

Curled Hair Mattrasses,

OF a superior quality, constantly on hand, or made to order, at less than eastern prices, at the Carpet and Furnishing Warehouse, No. 26 Wood street. A. M'FADDEN.

N. B.—7,000 lbs. Curled Hair, (in the rope,) on consignment, and will be sold at eastern prices, with the addition of carriage. A. M'F.
April 20—tf

COMMISSION HOUSE.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in Natchez, Mississippi, with the design of transacting a *GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS*. He will attend, particularly, to the sale of Northern Produce and Manufactures, and to the purchase and shipment of Cotton. Consignments or orders, addressed to him, will meet with prompt attention; and no exertion shall be wanting to promote the interests, and merit the confidence of those who may entrust him with business. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his northern friends.

ALFRED COCHRAN.
Natchez, March 10, 1832.

ALFRED COCHRAN,
Commission Merchant,
NATCHEZ, MISSISSIPPI.

Refer to
Messrs. COCHRAN & IRWIN, Pittsburgh.
G. W. BARCLAY & Co. Louisville,
STEPHEN DUNCAN, Esq., Natchez,
JOHN LINTON, Esq., New Orleans.
march 27, 1832.—6m.

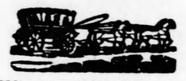
Storage, Forwarding, and Commission
WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.
Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.



THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,
NO. 41 WOOD STREET.
Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.
Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830—tf.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

THAT the Charter of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association being about to expire, it is intended to close its affairs as soon as possible. All persons indebted to the Institution are required to make immediate payment to George Cochran of Rd. Agent of the Association, and all persons having claims against it, are requested to present the same for settlement.

B. BAKEWELL,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
WM. PORTER,
THOMAS FAIRMAN,
JOHN SPEAR,
Com'tee for closing the Affairs of the Association.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1830.—tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:
1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop.
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.
Pittsburgh, may 21, 1829—tf.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE
IN ALLEGHENY TOWN.

THE Subscriber wishes to sell a number of building lots, handsomly situated, being bounded by Ohio street, Sandusky street, and Gay alley.

The terms of payment will be made known, and a plan of the lots shown to any person, on application to the subscriber, living in Allegheny town, or to Mr. John Irwin, at his Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, in Pittsburgh. ALEXANDER SEMPLE.
Pittsburgh, April 20, 1832.—tf

SHEAR STEEL,
MADE AT PITTSBURGH.

THE Undersigned has been four years, with indefatigable attention, engaged in the manufacturing of this most valuable article, in Bayardstown, near Pittsburgh. He has now on hand a good stock, of the best quality, equal to the Imported, and warranted, at 16½ cents a pound. He requests the favor of purchasers calling to see his stock. S. BROADMEADOW.

N. B.—It will be well if the consumers of this article consider the very *large amount of silver dollars*, annually sent to England, to purchase the same. may 25—tf

THE Subscribers, having given James T. Kincaid an interest in their Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory, will continue their business, under the firm of *L. & P. Peterson & Co.*, No. 45, Front street, and No. 66, Second street, near the Post Office.

L. & P. PETERSON.
Pittsburgh, June 15, 1832.—tf

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR J. H. IRWIN has removed to the office lately occupied by the Doctor Gazzams, in the Museum Building, on Fourth street, the first door from Boggs & Wrenshall's store, on the corner of Fourth and Market streets.
June 22—tf

FOR SALE—A number of Shares of Stock in the Navigation and Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

Apply to GEORGE A. COOK, Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. June 19.

TOBACCO.

85 HHDS. TOBACCO, (new crop;)
250,000 Common SEGARS.
Just received, per steamers Sentinel and Experiment, and for sale by MOSES ATWOOD.
June 8. *No.* 84, *Front street.*

China & Queensware.

PEPPARD & CALLAN, importers, No. 37 Wood street, are receiving, in addition to their spring stock, a very general assortment of NEW PATTERNS, of a superior quality of ware.

DINING and TEA SETS, mantel ornaments, with plain and Cut Glass, at moderate prices.
June 22, 1832.—tf

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality—also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by H. MAC SHANE,
march 22, 1831.—tf Front street.

NOVELTIES.

IN addition to the usual attractions of the PENNSYLVANIA MUSEUM, *a new Room, containing a great variety of Natural and Artificial Curiosities, has been opened during the last week.*

An entirely new and splendid Phantasmagoria, exhibiting the objects as large as life, has been procured, and is exhibited every evening, at half past 8 o'clock. Also, a Cosmoramic view of Pittsburgh, from the Point to the Bridge, has lately been added. Admittance 25 cents: Children 12½.
may 29.

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine*.—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure is guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.
April 15—tf

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.
Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

Eighty Shares of Beaver Bridge Stock
FOR SALE.

THE subscribers will sell the above number of Shares in the Beaver Bridge Company, the Stock of which is valuable, nets at present a good dividend, and it is thought will net from 8 to 10 per cent. when the Beaver Canal is completed. For particulars, inquire of S. Baird & Co., Merchants, corner of Fifth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, or to the subscribers, Merchants, Philadelphia. BROWN & AGNEW.
may 4, 1832—6mo.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

40 BALES Domestics, viz:—Ashton, Delaware, and Chester Tickings; Drillings, Shirtings, and Sheetings; Wilmington Stripes, &c. Just received from Eastern manufactories, and for sale by MOSES ATWOOD,
may 22. *No.* 84, *Front street.*

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between *S. P. Darlington* and *Benjamin Darlington*, trading under the firm of S. P. Darlington & Co., was dissolved on the 1st inst., by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be conducted by S. P. Darlington, at the corner of Second and Wood streets.

N. B.—All persons indebted to S. P. D. & Co., for a longer term than 6 months, will please call and settle their accounts with S. P. Darlington, as above.

☞All the papers in this city will please copy the above for one month. S. P. D.
June 12, 1832.—1mo.

250 BBLS. LOAF SUGAR; received per Steam Boat Friend, and for said unusually low, by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.
may 4, 1832.

REMOVAL.

Boot and Shoe Making.

THE Subscriber gratefully acknowledges the past and numerous favors of his friends and customers, and while he solicits a continuance of their liberal support, respectfully informs them that he has removed to *No.* 27 *Market Street*, next door to Mr. Wallace's Silver-smith shop, and directly opposite to his former stand, where he will carry on the business of BOOT AND SHOE MAKING; and he hopes by punctuality and attention to the orders of his friends and customers, to merit and receive their favor and patronage.

N. B.—Ladies' Prunello Ware, of the best quality, will be kept constantly on hand as above.

B. PERRY,
No. 27 Market street.
Pittsburgh, April 10, 1832.—tf

NEW WORKS.

SWALLOW BARN: *or, a Sojourn in the Old Dominion:* in 2 volumes.

2. History of the Italian Republics; or the Origin, Progress, and Fall of Italian Freedom. By J. C. L. De Sismondi; being No. 15 Cabinet Cyclopedia.

3. The Sacred History of the World, as displayed in the Creation and Subsequent Events, to the Deluge; being number 32 of Harpers' Family Library. Just received and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co., Market street, opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh. June 29.

Pittsburgh Bank Note Exchange,

CORRECTED semi-monthly, at N. Holmes' Exchange Office, No. 33 Market Street.

Pennsylvania.		*New Jersey.*	
Bank of Pittsburgh, par		St. Bk. at N. Brunsw.	1
Philadelphia Banks	do	Trenton Bank	do
Bucks county Bank	do	New Brunswick	do
Carlisle Bank	do	Mount Holly	do
Germantown	do	Camden	do
Easton	do	Cumberland	do
Montgomery county	do	Newark Insurance	do
West Chester	do	State Bank at Morris	do
Farmers' Bk. Read'g	do	do. at Elizabetht'n	do
Farmers' Bk. Lanc.	do	Sussex	do
Lancaster Bank	do	Paterson bank	unc
Harrisburgh	do	*Connecticut.*	
Northampton	do	New Haven Bk.	do. 2
York Bank	½	Bridgeport	do
Chambersburgh	½	Middletown bank	do
Susquehanna Br. Co.	½	Phœnix Bk. Hartford	do
Brownsville	½	*Virginia.*	
Gettysburgh	½	Richm'd & br. $5 & up.	1
Erie	1	Valley B'k & bran.	do
Pottsville Bank,	1	N. W. B'k Wheeling	½
Wilksbarre Bank	1	*Rhode Island.*	
Ohio.		Providence Banks	2
F. & M. B'k Steub.	½	Wash'gton B'k West.	do
Mount Pleasant	½	Phœnix B'k at do.	do
Western Reserve	½	N. E. Commer. Bank	do
St. Clairsville	½	Oth. R. I. notes, gen.	do
Bank of Chillicothe	½	*Georgia.*	
Lancaster B'k	½	St. B'k & Branches	5
Columbus	½	Bank of Augusta	do
Com. B'k of Cincin.	½	Planter's Bank	do
Dayton Bank	1¼	Bank at Darien	do
Urbana B'k	1¼	*North Carolina.*	
Muskingum B'k	1¼	Satte bk. & branches	4
Bank Geauga	1¼	B'k of C. Fear & Br.	do
Com. B'k of L. Erie	1¼	B'k of Newb'rn & Br.	do
Portsmouth B'k	3	*South Carolina.*	
Canton	½	St. B'k & Branches	3
Small Notes	1½	Charleston Bank	do
New York.		All other current notes	do
City Banks	1	*Vermont.*	
Troy & Albany B's	2	Burlington B'k	2
Mohawk Bk. Schen.	2	Windsor bank	do
Newburgh	2	Rutland do	do
Orange county	2	Bennington bank	do
Catskill	2	All other current notes	do
Auburn	2	*Massachusetts.*	
Geneva	2	Boston Bks. $5 & up.	2
Central Bank	2	Springfield	2
Chenango	2	Hamsh. Bk. N. Hamp.	2
Utica Bk. & branches	2	Salem	2
Ontario Bk. at Utica	2	Worcester	2
do. at Canandaigua		Other Massach. notes	2
Rochester		*Michigan.*	
Bank of Ithica		Bank of Michigan	2
Bank of Buffalo	2	F. & M. Bank	do
Chataque Co. B'k	2	Under 5$	3
All other current,	2	*Canada.*	
Delaware.		Bank of Canada,	4
Bank of Delaware	½	Bank of Montreal	do
Commercial Bk. Del.	½	York Bank	do
Farmers' Bk. of Del.	½	Quebeck Bank	do
Brauch at Newcastle	½	*Louisiana.*	
do. at Wiln'gton	½	New Orleans Bank	5
do. at Georget'n	½	Louisiana Bank	do
Wilmington & Bran.	1	State Bank	do
Maryland.		*Alabama.*	
Baltimore City Bks.	par	State B. & branches	10
George's county	½	Mobile Bank	8
Annap. & br. Easton	do	*Gold.*	
Fredk. co. Hav. deGra.	do	American,	2 prem.
Westminster	do	Eng. Guin.	4.87 a 4.90
Hagerstown	do	Sovereigns	4 70a4 75
Williamsport	do	Napoleons	3.65 a 3.70
		Doub. Span.	15.25a15.30
		Do. Patriot	5 a 50-11

The Western Female Collegiate Institute

WILL be opened, by the Rev. WILLIAM B. LACEY, D. D., President, and Miss ELIZABETH H. SMITH, Governess, on the first Monday of September next, in that elegant, commodious, and delightfully situated mansion, now occupied by Mrs. Agnes Irwin, on Erin Hill, one mile east of the City of Pittsburgh, and near the right bank of the Monongahela river.

The design of this Institution is to impart an *accurate* and *thorough* knowledge of *all* the solid and polite branches of female education; and having employed the assistance of several ladies of distinguished learning and accomplishments, the President and Governess hope to fulil the design and meet the just expectations of the public.

The general classification of Studies, and Terms of Instruction in the "Institute," are as follow:—Orthography, Reading, Writing, Rudiments of Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar, and Plain Sewing, $4 per term.——Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, Chronology, Elements of History, Rhetoric, and Needle Work, $6.——Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, History, Rhetoric, Botany, Geology, Composition, Moral Philosophy, Elocution, and Fancy Work, $7.——History, Geometry, Astronomy, Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, Logic, Elements of Criticism, Composition, and Elocution, $8.——Elocution, Intellectual Philosophy, Evidences of Christianity, Natural Theology, Domestic Economy, comprehending the Intellectual, Moral, and Manual branches of this department, $10 ——French, Spanish, and Italian, each $8.——Music on the Guitar, Piano Forte, and Harp, including the use of the instruments for practice, each $13.——Drawing and Painting, $6.——Painting on Velvet, with theorems, $4.——Bronzing and Painting in the Chinese style, $20 per course.——Board, $2 50 per week.—The tuition bills will be payable quarterly in advance.

The Governess will lecture weekly on Etiquette and Female Manners, and exercise her pupils in Calisthenics and the forms and elegancies of fashionable life, *gratuitously*.

A prospectus of the Institution will soon be published; and, in the mean time, reference is made to the Rev. Robert Bruce, D. D., President of the Western University of Pennsylvania; Rev. Geo. Upfold, D. D; Rev. Charles Avery; James Ross, Esq. John D. Davis, Esq. T. B. Dallas, Esq. Wm. W. Irwin, Esq. Wm. F. Irwin, M. D., Adam Hays, M. D., and Orlando Metcalf, of this city.

The Rev. Intrepid Morse, of Steubenville, Ohio; the Rev. Samuel Johnston, the Rev. Dr. Aydelott, William S. Johnston, Esq. Morgan Neville, Esq. John P. Foot, Esq. Dr. M. Flagg, and the Messrs. Picketts, of Cincinnati, Ohio; Andrew W. Loomis, New Lisbon, Ohio; and the Rev. David C. Page, and Thomas H. Armstrong, Esq. of Louisville, Kentucky.

Pittsburgh, June 26, 1832.—3m

LAND AND MILLS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, 800 acres of land, in Columbiana County, Ohio, 16 miles from New Lisbon, 3½ from the Ohio river, and 40 miles from Pittsburgh, Pa. Little Beaver creek divides the section into nearly equal parts; between 3 and 400 acres level upland, of which about 150 acres are cleared and fenced; the residue of the tract, creek hills, &c.; Coal in various parts, in veins of 2 to 3½ feet. A Railroad from Pittsburgh to Massillon, Ohio, is contemplated to pass up Little Beaver. Also, a Paper Mill, with two engines, necessary appendages, and 20 houses, suitable for hands; a Grist Mill, with two run of stones; a Saw Mill, and a Tan Yard. The Dam is a substantial frame, filled in with stone, and water sufficient nearly all the year for all the Mills, in the driest season, for any one of the Mills. The stock of rags, horses, and wagons; stock of sheep, cattle, &c. &c.; will be sold with the property, if desired.

Also—That Three Story Brick Building, in Wood street, No. 54, between Third and Fourth streets, occupied as a Book Store and Dwelling, with the back buildings belonging thereto, occupied as a Book Bindery, Printing Office, &c.; being 22½ feet in front, extending back 120 feet. The above property will be sold low.

Any information can be obtained, by postpaid letters, addressed to

CRAMER & SPEAR,

June 19—3mo. Pittsburgh.

POETRY.

From the New York American.

THE CHOLERA SHIP.

The glittering breast of the sea
Swells bright in the beams of the sun,
And winds, like the breath of the lea,
Kiss the waves as they sparkle on.

Anon, 'mid the blue of the sky
Are gushing the splendors of even;
But the emigrant's desolate eye
Looks through them in sorrow to heaven.

Though his bark so triumphantly glides
O'er the buoyant breast of the deep,
And the tones of the tremulous tides
Greet with music the prow they steep—

His bosom the sunbeam and wave
Are vain to beguile of its doom;
For his bark bears the breath of the grave,
And his home on the deep is a tomb.

They reck not, who spy her bright wings
Spread forth to the summer winds' sigh,
The pang every bosom that wrings,
Shut up in that prison to die.

O'er the Christian at home amid friends;
Who expires on the pillow of love,
Some angel in tenderness bends,
And prayer wings his spirit above.

But when, in the Cholera ship,
The emigrant lies down to die,
Winds only their watch round him keep,
And the dying re-echo his sigh.

N. W.

DAWN.

There is much beauty in the quaint conceits of the following Sonnet, which the Albany Daily Advertiser quotes as "new to 99 100ths of our readers."

Wake from your misty nests—instinctive wake,
Ye fine, and numberless, and sleeping things!
The Infant Saviour of all blossomings
From Heaven's blue womb hath passed; and for the sake
Of Earth and her green family, doth make
Its air redemption and soft gloryings.
The world, as though inspired, directly flings
In shadowy caronels away, to slake
A holy thirst for light: and one by one
The enamored hills—with many a startled dell,
Fountain and forest blush before the Sun!
Voices and wings are up, and waters swell;
And flowers, like clustered shepherds, have begun
To ope their fragrant mouths, and heavenly tidings tell.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

From the New York Enquirer of July 2.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

Our news schooner, *Courier & Enquirer*, boarded yesterday morning at 9 o'clock, seventy miles from Sandy Hook, the packet ship *Silas Richards*, Capt. Holdridge. We have received by her our usual copious supply of English journals—from London to 22d *May*, and from Liverpool to the 24th.

We give below the debates in the British Parliament on the subject of the resignation and recall to office of the Grey Ministry. It does not appear that the King has absolutely consented to a creation of Peers sufficient to carry the Reform Bill, though it may perhaps be inferred. This much at least is certain, that either such creation will take place or the anti-reform Lords will withdraw their opposition.

M. Casimer Perrier, it will be seen, has at last fallen a victim to the Cholera. His successor had not yet been appointed. That disorder was diminishing, although it had not ceased in France; it is said to be making some progress in Italy.

Neither from Belgium or Portugal is there any thing important.

We have advices from our Paris Correspondent to the 20th *May*, which we shall publish to-morrow. The late hour at which our news collector reached town from the Silas Richards renders it impossible to insert them to-day.

By the official report of the Cholera in Liverpool, it will be seen that its ravages there are very trifling.

CHOLERA MORBUS.

REPORT OF YESTERDAY, LIVERPOOL, May 23, 1832.

New Cases.	Dead.	Recovered.	Cases Remaining.
4	3	0	7

From the commencement of the Disease on the 12th *May*, 1832,

No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	Recovered,
22	11	4

BOARD OF HEALTH FOR THE CITY OF DUBLIN.

Lower Castle Yard, from 19th to 20th May, 1832.

The Board of Health feel extremely satisfied in announcing that there has been a gradual and material diminution in Cholera for several days, and that, out of a total of 329 cases, whereof 319 are in the hospital, there have been but two deaths, whilst the recoveries have been 43; and the number of convalescents have greatly increased.

Paris, May 10.—M. Casimir Perrier's mortal career has closed. He died this morning a little before 8 o'clock. During the previous 48 hours he had been sinking so fast, that his physicians saw that no human skill could keep him long alive. His mental faculties returned at the commencement of this crisis, and only left him with the extinction of life.

Prince Borghese, widower of Napoleon's beautiful sister Eliza, died at Florence on the 9th instant, of apoplexy.

Trieste, May 6.—We have just received accounts from Alexandria of the 15th of April, announcing that the Egyptian fleet, consisting of eight ships of the line and frigates, 7 corvettes, 15 brigs, 19 schooners, 12 fire-ships, and a great number of transports, had weighed anchor. Several Greek captains are said to have received letters of marque against Turkish ships.

HOUSE OF LORDS, May 19.

The Earl of Harewood begged leave to ask the Noble Earl opposite if he could communicate to their Lordships whether any final arrangements had been come to with respect to the Ministry?—(Hear, hear.)

Earl Grey—My Lords, I am always happy to afford any information which lies in my power, but especially after the courteous manner in which the question has been put by the Noble Earl opposite. (The Noble Earl spoke in so low a tone of voice as occasionally to be almost inaudible. We understood his Lordship to say, my Lords, I should have been prepared before perhaps to have given your Lordships a statement of the result of certain communications which I have had with his Majesty, but the time now has arrived, my Lords, when I am in a situation to state to you that result. Your Lordships are already aware that when I and my colleagues felt ourselves called upon by a proceeding in your Lordships' House to resign to his Majesty those offices to which by the gracious kindness of the King we had been appointed, that a Noble Duke, who is now absent from this House, was commissioned by his Majesty to form another Administration.

Your Lordships are also aware, that in consequence of that Noble and Gallant Duke having given up that commission with which he had been entrusted by his Majesty, fresh communications took place between the King and myself, and I have now the satisfaction to inform your Lordships that those communications have been brought to a favorable termination (Hear, hear.) I have now, my Lords, to inform you, that in consequence of his Majesty's desire most graciously expressed to me, and in consequence of the feeling of confidence that I am in such a position as will enable me, as well as my colleagues, to redeem that pledge which I gave to your Lordships on my first accepting office, that pledge being, that unless I felt myself armed with a sufficient security to pass the Reform Bill which is now on your Lordships' table unmutilated and unimpaired in any one of its great principles—I say, my Lords, that in consequence of now finding myself in such a situation, by the gracious kindness of his Majesty as to be able to state to your Lordships that such is my confidence, from the assurances which I have received from his Majesty as to my being in full power to effect that much desired object—that the present Ministors will continue in office.

(This announcement was hailed with loud cheers.) He added, that he felt most anxious for the speedy adjustment of this great measure; and, to effect that object, all his energies should be directed, feeling assured that the result would be such as to restore to the country happiness and tranquillity. He concluded, with moving that the reform bill be further considered on Monday next. (This proposition was hailed, also, with great cheering.)

The Earl of Harewood said, if power to carry the Bill were given, they all knew what that power meant; if adopted, the deliberative character of the House was gone, the crown was endangered, as well as the liberty of the subject; and, therefore, acting on compulsion, to avert greater evils, he should withdraw all opposition to the Bill.

The Earl of Winchelsea, the Duke of Newcastle and Lord Wharncliffe complained, that the independence of the House of Lords was now destroyed. The Earl of Radnor replied to the preceding speakers. The Noble Earl's speech brought Lord Wharncliffe again on his legs, who spoke at some length. The Earl of Carnarvon once more denounced the bill and its authors.

CONGRESSIONAL.

June 30.—In the Senate, yesterday, the resolution from the House of Representatives, fixing on Monday, the 9th of July, for the adjournment of the two Houses of Congress, was taken up for consideration, when *Mr.* Grundy, stating the impossibility of acting on the resolution at present, moved to postpone its consideration till Thursday next, and to make it the special order for that day. The motion was agreed to.

The Vice-President laid before the Senate a report from the Secretary of the Treasury, inclosing statements concerning the mint.

THE TARIFF.

The bill from the House, to alter and amend the several acts imposing duties on imports, was read twice, referred to the Committee on Manufactures, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Poindexter moved to print an additional number of copies of the bill for the purpose of extending information of its details through the country.

The proposition was opposed on the ground that the printing of the extra number of copies would be to circulate erroneous information, as the bill would probably be amended in its progress through the Senate.

The motion was negatived, as also was a motion by Mr. Marcy, to print 300 extra copies.

Mr. Grundy then offered a resolution requiring the Secretary of the Senate to prepare a statement of the duties imposed by the existing laws, and those imposed by the bill which had now passed the House of Representatives.

Mr. Tyler suggested that an estimate of the amount of revenue which would be cut off by the new bill to be embraced in the statement.

Mr. Grundy suggested that this information could only be obtained from the Treasury Department. The information called for by his resolution would be necessary to enable the Senate to act on the bill. He presumed the Committee on Manufactures would be able to report the bill on Monday or Tuesday.

Mr. Clay moved to amend the resolution by calling for a statement also of the rates of duties imposed by the two bills reported by the Committee of Manufactures of the Senate.

The amendment was accepted by Mr. Grundy as a modification of his resolution, and the resolutions, as modified, was then agreed to.

The bill from the House to carry into effect the Convention between the United States and his Majesty, the King of the French, concluded at Paris on the 4th of July, 1831, was read twice, and referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Hayne, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported the various bills from the House relative to Naval Affairs, without amendment.

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill for the relief of Samuel Dale,

When a message was received from the House of Representatives, by Mr. Clarke, the Clerk of the House, announcing the death of George E. Mitchell, one of the Representatives from the State of *Maryland*, of that House, and that his funeral would take place at 5 o'clock, P. M.

On motion of Mr. Chambers, the Senate then came to the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Senate will attend the funeral of the Hon. G. E. Mitchell, one of the Representatives of the State of Maryland, this day, at 5 o'clock, P. M. and as a tribute of respect for the memory of the deceased, that the Senate will go into mourning, by wearing crape on the left arm for thirty days.

On motion of *Mr.* Chambers, the Senate then adjourned.

In the House of Representatives, after the journal of the previous day's proceedings was read:—

Mr. Howard, of Maryland, rose and announced the decease of George E. Mitchell, one of the Representatives for the State of Maryland. After delivering a just tribute to his memory, the following was adopted:

Resolved, That the Members of this House will attend the funeral of the late Geo. E. Mitchell, at 5 o'clock, P. M.

That a Committee be appointed to take order for superintending the funeral of George E. Mitchell, deceased, late a member of this House from the State of Maryland.

That the members of this House will testify their respect for his memory by wearing crape, &c.

It was then ordered that a Message be sent to the Senate to notify to them the death of Mr. M., and the hour that his funeral would take place.

Mr. Howard, Mr. Thompson, of Georgia, Mr. Blair, of S. C., Mr. Alexander, *Mr.* Carson, Mr. Dearborn, and Mr. Ward, were named as the Committee. After which the House adjourned.

Monday, July 2.—In the Senate, on Saturday, Mr. Smith, from the Committee on Finance, reported a bill to regulate the tonnage duties on vessels coming from the ports of Spain; which was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading.

The Chair laid before the Senate a report from the Secretary of the Senate, enclosing a comparative tabular statement of the rates of duties imposed by the bill which has passed the House of Representatives, and those embraced by the bills from the Committee on Manufactures of the Senate.

Mr. Frelinghuysen moved to postpone the orders to take up the resolution for the purchase of the original portrait of George Washington, by Rembrandt Peale.

Mr. Frelinghuysen moved to fill the blank with $2000. He founded his motion, first, on the accuracy of the likeness, and secondly, on the nature of the subject itself.

Mr. White said he was in favor of obtaining the portrait, and thought the price was sufficiently reasonable.

Mr. Frelinghuysen then moved to amend the resolution, by adding a provision that the portrait be hung in a conspicuous part of the Senate Chamber, under the direction of the President of the Senate, and that the expenses thereof be paid out of the contingent fund; which was agreed to.

The words of 'New York' were then stricken out, on motion of Mr. *Marcy*, who stated that Mr. Peale was not of New York.

The resolution was then ordered to be engrossed and read a third time.

THE HARBOR BILL.

The Senate then proceeded to consider the amendment made by the House to the Harbor Bill, disagreeing to an amendment of the Senate, relative to the bridge over the Wabash river; and the Senate receded from their amendment.

The motion to postpone indefinitely the bill relative to the Public Lands, was rejected.

In the House of Representatives, Senator Clay's joint resolution respecting the appointment of a day of fasting and prayer, was adopted by a vote of 98 to 52.

The House then took up the bill from the Senate for rechartering the Bank of the U. States.

Mr. Wickliffe moved an amendment, to strike out the 6th section of the bill, and insert that it may not be lawful to establish any additional branch bank in any state, unless where an application should be made to that effect from the legislatures of the several states.

The propriety of this amendment was debated by Mr. Wayne and Irwin, and being then modified by Mr. Wickliffe, to read, 'and unless the Secretary of the Treasury should certify that the establishment of the branch was necessary for the fical operation of government.'

Mr. Irwin demanded the yeas and nays.

Mr. Clayton said he had not any intention to discuss at that time either the amendment or the bill; but deeming it a measure of such importance, that it should be fully discussed, he would move that the bill be committed to the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.

Mr. Wickliffe thereupon withdrew his amendment.

Mr. Clayton modified his motion to commit, and make it the special order of the day for this day.

Thereupon an animated debate arose, in which Messrs. Taylor, Mercer, Wayne, McDuffie, Archer, R. M. Johnson, Clayton, and Jenifer, participated.

Mr. Speight moved to postpone the further consideration of the bill to the first Monday in December next.

After some brief remarks from Mr. Davis, of S. Carolina, Mr. Craig, and Mr. R. Allen,

Mr. Watmough moved a call of the House; which having been ordered, and the roll having been gone through, 180 members answered to their names, the further proceeding on the call was then suspended, and the question on postponing the bill until December next being taken, the motion was negatived—Yeas 75, nays 100.

The question on committing the bill to the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, was then taken and negatived—Yeas 72, nays 112.

Mr. M'Duffie moved an amendment to the sixth section, providing, in substance, that the existing branch banks shall not be interfered with.

Mr. Wayne moved as an amendment to this amendment: "If the Legislatures of the several States shall signify their consent on or before the 10th April, 1836, that these branches shall be retained therein."

The question on this amendment was, after a protracted debate, put and negatived.

Mr. Beardsley then moved an amendment to the amendment in substance: "If the Secretary of the Treasury shall certify that there is a necessity for such branches to transact the business of the Government."

Mr. B. advocated his amendment at length; after which

Mr. Hoffman said he did not desire to make any speech, but would demand the yeas and nays, which being ordered, and the question on the amendment of Mr. Beardsley put, it was negatived—yeas 67, nays 112.

Mr. Wardwell, of New York, then moved an amendment, in substance providing that the several States should have the power to tax the branches therein. But before any question was taken thereon,

The House adjourned.

From the St. Louis Times, June 23.

☞There has been no intelligence received from the seat of war since the publications of the Republican and Beacon of this week. We are indebted to those papers for the following items.

'Our latest dates from the force above, under Gen. Atkinson, are of the 15th inst., at which time the new levy of militia (3000) had reached the place designated, (foot of the Illinois Rapids,) and their organization progressing as fast as circumstances would permit. It was confidently expected that they would be prepared to take up their line of march for the Indian camp on the 18th. They are well supplied with provisions, munitions, and the means of transportation; and the commanding General was enabled to move with celerity, and to act with energy and vigor. Recent information had been received, through General Dodge, to whom the two female captives were delivered, as to the position and probable number of the hostile Indians. They were embodied about 20 miles below Lak-Tush-ca-o-nong, on the Rock River, in a position which, they flattered themselves would be impregnable. Their probable number does not exceed one thousand. Their encampment is 100 miles from the present position of General Atkinson, on the Illinois river. It will consequently require a march of five or six days to come up with them; at which time if they adhere to their resolution of abiding the issue of an attack, there can be but one opinion as to the result.'—*Beacon.*

'Of the Misses Hall, whose case seems to interest every body, (and who are now at Galena,) it may not be uninteresting to hear the following, as the best information that could be collected from the Indians who succeeded in procuring their liberation. After the bloody scene of dispatching such of the family as were about the house, (to which they could not avoid being eye-witnesses,) these young women were each placed on a horse, which was led by a man—other men walked along side, to guard and keep them from falling off in difficult passes. At night a lodge was set apart, and blankets spread for them; and elderly squaws made to sleep on each side, by whom they were taken care of. Such food as the Indians had, was offered to them; but they cried and wept, and were too unwell to eat or be comforted. All of which the young women say is true, and that the Indian men offered no insult to them. They also confirm what is stated of the strength of Black Hawk's camp, as seen in going through a narrow passage, where their horses mired in the mud:—more of the camp, it is supposed, they were not allowed to see. It seems there was more difficulty in procuring the liberty of one, than the other: a young warrior claimed her as his prize, and was very unwilling to give her up; but after using all the arguments they were capable of, the Winnebagoes say they had to use threats, which, together with an addition of ten horses to the offer, obtained his consent. The young warrior cut from Miss Hall's head a lock of her hair; which, by the by, has no affinity to a similar act among whites, but it is to be kept as a trophy of his warlike exploits. The price paid by the Winnebagoes is to be 40 horses, wampum, and trinkets,—in all to the amount of $2,000. Two brothers of the Misses Hall escaped, they being at work in the field, and are said to be now with the troops at Dixon's.

Fort Wilburn is on the left bank of the Illinois, a mile and a half below Little Vermillion—about 300 miles from St. Louis by water, and the head of steam boat navigation in its present stage. Fort Johnson is at Ottawa, twenty miles higher up, opposite the mouth of Fox river. From Fort Wilburn to Chicago, is about 90 miles—to Dixon's Ferry, about 50 miles—to the Four Lakes, or the neighborhood of the Sauk Camp, about 100 miles; which is about 60 miles from Fort Winnebago, and the same distance from Chicago.—*Republican.*

ANOTHER BORDER WAR.

To our great surprise, we learn that there is considerable expectation of a battle upon the borders of North Carolina. A number of Georgians, (about 200) have, it is said, trespassed upon the Indian territory in the western part of this State, for the purpose of digging gold. An express was despatched with the information to Gov. Stokes, by whom application was made to the President of the United States; and the result is that two companies of U. S. troops, to be commanded by Colonel Armstead and Captain Gardner, are now on the march from Charleston, S. C. for the scene of action. We shall soon see whether avarice or cowardice predominates in the character of these robbers.—*Fayetteville (N. C.) Observer, June* 19.

This is right; but mark the inconsistency of the President in this matter. Georgia nullifies the laws and treaties of the United States, and wishes to plunder the Cherokees of every foot of their land, and either drive them beyond the Mississippi, or exterminate them. *General Jackson wants the votes of Georgia*, and he *therefore* renders the authorities of that State all the assistance in his power, in furtherance of their unrighteous and inhuman policy. But in South Carolina the case is different. A part of this Indian Gold region lies within the boundaries of that State. N. Carolina, however, regards the laws and the treaties of the United States, and calls upon President Jackson to help her enforce them. *President Jackson wants the vote, too, of North Carolina; therefore* he readily assists North Carolina in the enforcement of the very principles which he assists Georgia in setting at defiance!—*N. Y. Spectator.*

Pin Machine.—We have had an opportunity, within a few days past, to witness the performance of a very ingenious Pin Machine. The operation of straitening the wire, putting on the head, sharpening the point, and making the pin complete, is all done in an instant, and almost as it were by magic. The performance of a child turning a crank was sufficient to make about one hundred perfect pins in a minute. We are informed that in England, the work of making a pin is done by a number of hands in different parts; if this is the case, the present machine is one of great value and importance. The inventor is D. How, at present of this city, but formerly from Connecticut. A Patent has been taken out at Washington, and also in London.—*N. Y. Jour. Commerce.*

Railway Traveling.—We understand that from the present time the first class carriages on the Liverpool and Manchester Railway, will travel the whole distance in an hour and a half, and the second class carriages in two hours. This it will be remembered, was the original rate of traveling; and as no additional safety is considered to have resulted from the retardation, while much inconvenience is known to have been sustained in consequence of it, the Directors have resolved that the old rate of traveling shall be resumed. We may also mention that during the summer months a train will leave Liverpool and Manchester every hour throughout the day.

The above is from the Liverpool Times. The regular rates of traveling are, for the first class of carriages twenty miles an hour, and for the second fifteen miles.—*Balt. Amer.*

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAIL ROAD.

Many passengers and large quantities of goods, daily pass on the rail road seventy miles, to or from Baltimore or the Point of Rocks, on the Potomac—at which latter a new village is *being* built, very rapidly. The entire journey 'out and home,' 140 miles, is now made in 17 continuous hours, leaving ample time to view the Point of Rocks, and the beautiful scenery adjacent. It is, altogether, one of the most agreeable excursions that can be found in our country, and on many accounts, highly interesting.

The Charlestown, (Va.,) Free Press of the 14th inst., says—'The line of boats, advertised to ply between Harper's Ferry and the Point of Rocks, *daily*, will prove of great utility to travelers. It will enable them to travel from Harper's Ferry to Baltimore in 12 hours, in a most agreeable manner. The proprietors deserve encouragement, and will doubtless receive it. They have our thanks and hearty good wishes. We hope this arrangement may be the forerunner of a daily mail from Baltimore to this place.'

We learn that a *second* line of boats' has been established between the Point of Rocks and Harper's Ferry, and that several lines of stages have been started, or are preparing to start, and connect with the rail road at the 'Point.' There is a rapidly increasing intercourse with the richest parts of Virginia, by these means,—and the transport of passengers and merchandize is daily augmented. In May last, the receipts of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company from travelers, and for the transportation of goods, exceeded $16,000—one day last week produced $700. If this road were completed to the Ohio, the business upon it would go beyond the hopes of the most sanguine. Trains of cars would no doubt, often be more than a mile long; and, after a while, the whole route of the road become a continuous chain of villages. The affairs of the company are under the charge of faithful and gentlemanly agents.—*Niles' Register, June* 30.

From the National Gazette, July 2.

We copy from the National Intelligencer the *Tariff Bill* as it passed the House of Representatives. It is obnoxious, in certain sections, to objections from each party in the Tariff question; but it may be considered as the best whole which could be obtained in the House of Representatives, and as preferable to no compromise. So many names of political and moral authority are in the list of Yeas,—there is so much of Southern concurrence and sanction—that we shall be glad to hear of its success in the Senate.

Considering the tenor of the discussions and votes in the House, and the general nature and effect of the Bill, we may affirm that *the principle of protection* has been fully recognized; and that, if experience should show any provision of it to be ruinous in tendency to any important branch of manufacture, an appeal may be made to Congress on the strongest grounds of reason and hope. We do not expect, however, such a result in any instance.

The exertions of Mr. Adams in the House, for the adjustment of the controversy, strike us as deserving of all praise and honor. They will leave upon all parties a similar impression, which will, one day, be acknowledged by every liberal and enlightened looker-on and looker-back. He was constantly alert, able, anxious, spirited; he was animated by patriotism, and by impartial good-will subject to his convictions of doctrine and expediency. The injustice of the Richmond Enquirer, the breadth of its misrepresentation, and the littleness and acrimony of its spirit, in relation to that 'distinguished individual,' have never affected us with more disgust or been in themselves plainer, than in the following editorial sentences of that paper of Tuesday last.

'An animated correspondent in this day's paper calls upon Mr. Adams to save the country. But we fear he will call in vain. Mr. Adams has disappointed the hopes of the good and true men in Washington. His course has been wavering and discreditable. We confess with deep regret that he appears to want the nerve of a statesman. Is it that he has been intimidated by the letters of his manufacturing constituents, or seduced by the glittering prospects of manufacturing support?'

'Mr. Adams *has been* trimming as to the woollens. If he fails in getting Mr. Davis's amendment through, it is supposed he will vote against his own bill. If he succeeds, the bill will probably be laid upon the table, and *lost*. We will not detail at present the consequences which this course may have upon his own reputation. We wish to Heaven that his country may not have occasion to rue most deeply the effects of his errors.'

North Carolina.—A Convention was held at Raleigh, on the 18th ult. at which a majority of the Counties of the State were represented. The Hon. James Iredell, late Senator of the United States, was President. Philip P. Barbour was unanimously nominated for the Vice Presidentship; and a Central Committee was appointed to correspond with the Counties not represented, recommending the citizens to pledge themselves to the support of this nomination.—*National Gazette.*

The great body of those who have fallen victims to the cholera at Paris are the wretched and the vicious; and among the prostitutes of the city the mortality has been frightful. In one house in which there were sixty of these women, *not one* escaped, and in a street, the *Rue de la Mortellerie*, in which there were computed to be *thirteen hundred* of these miserable creatures, *twelve hundred* have fallen victims.—*N. Y. Trav.*

THE CHOLERA.

We continue to receive, says the New York Commercial Advertiser, numerous letters from our friends in Upper and Lower Canada: the accounts are favorable.

From our Correspondent.

KINGSTON, U. C.
June 22d—Evening.

In this time of general alarm and apprehension, when the Cholera is making rapid strides over the land, you doubtless will be gratified to hear from any place where it has made its appearance.

On the 20th inst. the first case occurred here; and up to last evening, there were seven cases. Three deaths have taken place. The others are all out of danger. The report of the Hospital Physician, of this morning, is—"Discharged from the Hospital, 2; Remaining, 1." There are no new cases to-day, and it is now 3 o'clock, P. M. Our physicians consider the disease completely within their control, if attended to in the first stages; and it is a fact within my own knowledge, that in the three cases of death, medical aid was not obtained till some hours after the attack. We feel greatly encouraged to-day, as we have reason to hope that this dreadful scourge will pass lightly over us.

There have been a few deaths at Prescott and Brockville.

This side Montreal, it has been principally confined to boatmen, emigrants and laborers.

The alarm is universal. The intercourse between this place and the opposite shore, is nearly at an end. Your city is yet safe. God grant it may remain so. It is a dreadful disease, and its ravages, it is to be feared, would be very great amongst you.

In haste,

Yours very truly,

P. S. I have requested the Hospital Physician to give a statement of the mode of treatment, which he has politely furnished, as you will see.

The following beneficial mode of treatment has been adopted at the Cholera Hospital with most decided success:—A draught composed of Tincture of Opium, 60 drops; diluted Sulphuric Acid, 1 dr.; Spirits of Ammonia, 2 drachms. Camphor Julep, 1 oz., is given in the first instance, and repeated every two hours, until the vomiting and purging has ceased—flannel bags filled with hot bran and salt, applied to the abdomen and limbs. The diet consists of Arrow Root, Sago, &c. When re-action has taken place, Sulphate of Quinine is administered. The drink consists of hot Brandy and Water, together with Nitrous Æther.

GEORGE EVANS, M. D.

Kingston, Friday morning.

From the April Number of the Edinburgh Review.

It is contended, however, that the fall which it is affirmed has taken place in the price of *all* commodities since 1814, proves beyond dispute that the value of money must have sustained a corresponding advance; and that, consequently, the above conclusions cannot be well founded. But though the fall of prices has been pretty general, it has not been universal; and it must be remembered, that the price of commodities will be reduced as well from a decline in the cost of their production, or by the opening of new markets, whence they may be obtained on cheaper terms, as from a rise in the value of money. Now, we contend that this has been the case with all the commodities that have fallen in price since peace; and we venture to affirm, that there is not one amongst them, without any exception whatever, the decline in the price of which may not be satisfactorily accounted for, without supposing any change in the value of gold and silver. To enter fully into this branch of the subject would require more space than we can now devote to it; but, as it is of great practical importance, we may probably resume the discussion at an after period. At present it is sufficient to observe that the fall in the price of corn on the continent since the peace, is completely accounted for by the extension of cultivation in France, Prussia, and generally in other countries; by the splitting of large estates, the complete subversion of the feudal system, and the tranquillity, so indispensable to agricultural pursuits, that is now enjoyed. In this country, the reduction in the price of corn is owing partly to the modifications that have been introduced into our corn laws; partly to the expenses of the importation of corn from the continent being reduced to a fifth or a sixth part of what they amounted to during the latter years of the war, and partly, and perhaps principally, to the increased importations from Ireland. Previously to 1806, the imports from the latter had never in any one year exceeded 400,000 quarters; but such has been their increase, since, and more especially within the last few years, that they now amount to above 2,500,000 qrs.! Indeed, we have no hesitation in saying, that if any thing like tranquillity and good order were introduced into Ireland, a very slight degree of improvement in her agriculture would occasion such an increased production of corn, that we should, at no distant period, be quite independent of foreign supplies, and would most probably export to Amsterdam.

The price of iron does not at present exceed a third part of its price in 1824 and 1825; but instead of wondering at this fall, the only real ground for surprise, is that it has not been greater. The iron made in Great Britain in 1820 is supposed to have amounted to 400,000 tons; but in consequence of the adventitious excitement of 1824 and 1825, iron works were so much multiplied, that the quantity produced in 1827 was increased to 690,000 tons.—In 1828 the production was still greater, and it has not been materially diminished since. Unluckily, however, the demand has not increased in any thing like the same proportion. The greater number of the railroad projects afloat in 1825 have been either wholly abandoned, or deferred to some future period; so that the immense additional supplies not meeting with any new outlets, have glutted the market to an extent never previously known. The fall in the price of lead has also been very considerable. It is not confined to England, but is felt every where; and is admitted to be entirely owing to the extraordinary productiveness of the mines of that

JOHN DALZELL & JOSIAH KING
Being associated in the Grocery and Commision Business, under the firm of

JOHN DALZELL & CO.

AT NUMBER 170, corner of Liberty and Irwin streets, Pittsburgh, invite the influence and patronage of their respective friends and the public to their present large and various stock, consisting in part of

80 Packages Fresh Imperial, G. P. Y. H. and Souchong Teas;
150 Bags Rio and Java Coffee;
25 do. Pepper and Alspice;
8 Hhds. Lump and Loaf Sugar;
10 Boxes Havanna do.;
50 Casks Salt Petre;
100 Kegs Rock and Rifle Powder;
4,000 Lbs. Spanish Sole Leather;
200,000 do. Bacon, Pittsburgh cured;

Which, with the minor articles of Groceries—Iron, Nails, Soap, Candles, Tobacco, and all other Pittsburgh manufactured goods—render the whole well deserving the attention of Merchants and others visiting this market for supplies.

Their Store and Ware Rooms, being commodious and eligibly situated for the purpose, they will always give prompt attention to the *Storage, Transit, or Sale on Commission*, at moderate charges, of any Merchandise or Produce entrusted to their care.

ALSO,

Just Landing, and for Sale, as above,

500 barrels and half barrels No. 2 Mackerel;
150 barrels Tanners' Oil;
10 hogsheads Sperm. Oil;
12 do. Cod Fish;
60 do. New Orleans Sugar;
75 casks New Orleans Molasses;
200M Kentucky Segars.

Flour and Whiskey always bought and sold. Also, on hand, a large stock of every description of foreign WINES & SPIRITS, warranted pure: in original casks, or put up to order.

march 6, 1832.—tf

REMOVAL.

HENRY F. SCHWEPPE, Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, lately removed to the Corner of St. Clair and Penn streets, (opposite to the Exchange,) is now receiving, and offers for sale,

Gunpowder, Imperial, and Y. H. Teas;
Rio and Havanna Coffee;
Loaf, Lump, white Havanna, and N. O. Sugars;
Plantation and Sugar-house Molasses;
Fresh Rice, Chocolate, Pepper, Allspice, Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, &c.;
Havanna, Spanish, Melee, and Common Segars
Champagne and Cog. Brandy; Holland Gin;
Jamaica and N. Orleans Rum;
Madeira, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Malaga, and Claret Wines, guaranteed pure as imported;
Philadelphia Glue;
Gum Shellac, Spirits Turpentine;
Richmond & Pittsburgh Manufactured Tobacco, assorted;
Madder, Camwood, Fustic, Camp. Logwood;
Sperm. Candles, and best Winter strained Oil;
Olive Oil, Wine Vinegar;
Alum, Coperas, Saltpetre;
No. 1 and 2 Mackerel;
600 Prime Attakapas Hides, &c. &c.

Comprising, in the whole, as well selected and general assortment of Groceries as any in the Market, on accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, may 8, 1832.—2m

Valuable Property FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber, wishing to decline the Mercantile business, will dispose of his property at Letart Falls, Ohio, on accommodating terms. The property consists of a Two Story Frame House, and Brick Kitchen, with a well of excellent water at the kitchen door. The house was built expressly for a Dwelling and Mercantile Establishment. The lot on which the house is erected, contains 3-4 of an acre of ground, and embraces a good Steam Boat Landing, at the head of Letart Falls. It is perhaps the best stand on the Ohio river for a Boat Store and Wood Yard. Any person disposed to keep a Country Store, Boat Store, Wood Yard, and Public House, might do an extensive and very profitable business.

For particulars, respecting the property and the country, inquire of Thomas L. Shields, Esq., or William Semple, of the firm of Bissell & Semple, all of Pittsburgh.—Should the above named property not be sold before the first of November, ensuing, it will be offered for rent.

GEORGE BOYD.

June 1, 1832.—4mw

Strayed or Stolen

FROM the Tavern of William Peebles, six miles from Pittsburgh, on the Greensburgh Turnpike Road, on the night of the 26th inst., a *CHESNUT SORREL HORSE*, four years old; about fifteen hands high; a white blaze in his face, and one of his hind feet white; mane and tail a fox color; a small lump just over his back bone, occasioned by the saddle. Any information, left at Peebles' Tavern, or Griffith's Hotel, in Pittsburgh, or at the residence of the subscriber, in Jacksonville, Westmoreland county, will be thankfully received. A liberal reward will be given for the return of the horse, and for the detection of the thief, if the horse was stolen.

JOHN IRWIN.

June 29—3t*

Valuable Lot for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the following pieces of ground, in the city of Pittsburgh, situated on Diamond Alley, between Wood street and the Diamond, containing in front on the Diamond, fifteen feet, and extending back sixty feet.

ALSO—One other piece of ground, on the alley, recently laid out from Diamond Alley to Fifth street, and containing in front, on said alley, forty feet, and extending back thirty feet.

The said pieces of ground adjoin each other, and the whole may be sold in one lot, or the latter may be divided into two, to suit purchasers.

THOMAS DUNLAP.

June 26—3t

THE BRIDGE OVER THE MONONGAHELA AT WILLIAMSPORT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Books of Subscription will be opened, for the purpose of taking Stock in said Company, as follows, viz:—at Williamsport, in the county of Washington, at the house of Joseph Hamilton, on Monday, the 9th day of July next; at the Borough of Washington, in said county, at the house of John Dagg, on Wednesday, the 11th day of July; at Mount Pleasant, in Westmoreland county, at the house of Andrew Lowery, on Saturday, the 14th day of July; at Somerset, in Somerset county, at the house of John Webster, on the 17th day of July; and, at Pittsburgh, at the house of Nicholas Griffith, on the 25th day of July; where two or more of the Commissioners, appointed by the law creating said Company, will attend.

ROBERT McFARLANE,
JAMES GORDON,
JAMES McGREW,
THOMAS McGIFFIN,
AARON KERR,
SHEZBEZZER BENTLEY,
JOHN R. SHUGGART,
JOHN C. PLUMMER,
JAMES POWER,
HERVEY H. PETERSON,
} Commissioners.

June 12, 1832.—wt25J

WANTED—by a married man, of regular and temperate habits, a situation as Clerk or Assistant in a Store or Manufactory. The subscriber has been mostly accustomed to the Hardware and Iron Trade, but would engage in any other Line in which he could make himself useful.

Most respectable references can be given as to character. For address, apply to the Publisher.

Pittsburgh, June 26.—w3t.

It is extremely probable that several cases of Spasmodic Cholera have occurred at New York. But this does not render it certain that the disease will spread widely in that city, or will appear at all in Philadelphia. Those who live in squalid poverty, or in filthy situations, or whose habits are intemperate, are chiefly in danger. We presume that the prescriptions respecting diet and clothing, which have been published in most of the newspapers, are well founded. The person attacked must commend himself to God and some skilful physician. From all that we have read and heard of the history of the Cholera in Europe and Canada, we are convinced that the *panic* which has too often preceded or accompanied the appearance of the distemper, does more mischief than the latter itself, or is at least a great aggravation of the evil. All *bustle* that is not required for the accomplishment of the proper precautions and preservatives, is to be deprecated, because it heightens *panic*. Business should be continued as usual; no change allowed in the ordinary movement of social affairs, and the constituted authorities be suffered to act according to their views of exigency. We must beware of frightening each other, and by undue alarms, and great hyperboles of our own, scaring away those who supply us from the country with our necessaries and comforts. London, Liverpool, Edinburgh, Dublin—indeed all the large cities of Great Britain—remained tranquil with vastly more to apprehend than Philadelphia has or can have.—*Nat. Gaz.*

The New York papers furnish cheering information respecting the Cholera. There is some doubt whether any case at all has existed in that city; but at all events the statements of the number of persons attacked was greatly exaggerated, and shows the impropriety of issuing unofficial reports on so fearful and obsorbing a subject. The apprehension of such a scourge is worse than the thing itself, and those who hastily and incautiously excite the fears of the public, are guilty of a degree of inconsiderateness which merits a very harsh epithet.—*Nat. Gaz.*

A letter from on board the United States Frigate Potomac, dated March 12, 1832, Coast of Java, says—"We have had a fight. It was with the Malays of Sumatra. We suppose that one hundred and fifty of them were killed. On our side, two were killed and fourteen wounded; no officer killed. You will soon have the official account. We shall be at Batavia, probably, in eight or ten days."—*American Daily Advertiser.*

New York State Convention.—The Albany Daily Advertiser (of 29th ult.) says, the National Republicans are rapidly organizing in every part of the State. Several counties have already appointed Delegates to the Utica Convention of 25th July, and others have called meetings for the purpose. The Convention will be a full one and a strong one. Such is the importance of the coming election that thousands of the highest respectability in every quarter of the country, who have for years, in a great measure, retired from politics, will simultaneously come forth once more, and unite in the general effort which is to emancipate the republic—New York will take the lead. The mass are no longer blind to the miserable policy and desperate intrigues which have so long been used to prop up the sinking fortunes of the Regents.—*N. Y. Spectator.*

We have been favored, says the New York Courier (of the 4th inst.) with the following extract of a letter from a gentleman on board the Potomac.

Forty miles from Batavia Roads, March 7th, 1832.

'We arrived at Rio de Janeiro on the 10th October, sailed again November 5th, arrived at the Cape of Good, Table Bay, Dec. 6, sailed again Dec. 12. January 12, 1832, made the Island of Sumatra, and on February 5, came to anchor at Quallo Batto, five miles from the town and fort. In the afternoon five of our Lieutenants and two midshipmen, disguised as a Merchant, a Captain, a Supercargo, and the others as a part of the crew of a merchantman, sailed from the ship in the whale boat, under the pretence of purchasing a cargo of Pepper; on their approach to the shore, they observed it lined with armed men; not thinking it prudent to land they put back to the ship; before they reached the ship a small fishing boat had come alongside, and we made prisoners of those who were in her.

All hands were called to 'out boats,' an order which was promptly obeyed. At half past two o'clock we left the ship as follows:—Whale boat, 1st Lieut. Erwin Shubrick, Esq. commanding; Launch, 3d Lieut. Pinckham; 1st cutter, 4th Lieut. Huff; 2d cutter, Lieut. Ingersol; 3d cutter, Past Midshipman Zeely; 4th cutter, Past Midshipman Godon; 5th cutter, Midshipman Hart; Life Boat, Midshipman ——. The Commodore's Barge was left by the ship. 2d Lieut. Wilson remained in charge of the ship with the Commodore.

We landed about one bell after 5 o'clock, numbering in all 260 men, and commenced the attack in four divisions—three of sailors and one of marines. We commenced an attack on the five forts, three of which we took possession of. A number of the huts were burned. The other two forts were separated from us by a creek which was too deep to ford. The number killed on our side, was two, and seven wounded. From all the information we could receive, the number of the natives killed was 60, and 90 wounded. The names of the persons killed from our party were, Wm. P. Smith, a Swede, and —— Brown, a marine. The whole affair was conducted with great bravery and skill on the part both of the officers and men. We had the pleasure of seeing the star spangled banner even in that remote island—so far from the land of Freemen.

Mr. Berry, our assistant sailing master, was second mate of the ship Friendship, when her crew were so cruelly massacred here. On the 7th Feb. we got the ship under weigh, and approached within a mile and a half of the town and forts, and immediately opened a heavy fire on them; we fired 62 of our long double fortified thirty-two pounders, and then stood off for Soo Soo, a distance of two miles, where one of the friendly Rajahs live.

Feb. 18, left Soo Soo, bound towards Batavia. Feb. 22, (Washington's birth day,) fired a salute at noon. March 1, made Java Head. March 7, passed Anjer Point, and came to anchor ten miles from there. Yours in haste, &c.

Dividends.—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have declared a dividend of one and a half per cent. on the capital stock paid in.

The U. S. Bank has declared a dividend of three and a half per cent. for the last six months.—*Balt. American.*

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 10, 1832.

THE GREAT REJECTED—The N. York American, of the 6th instant, states that the Packet Ship New York, of the 1st of June, from Liverpool, was below. Mr. Van Buren was a passenger on board.

THE HEALTH OF PITTSBURGH.—We can assert, fearlessly, that our city has never been more healthy, at this season of the year, than it is at this time. It was, therefore, with great surprise that we saw it announced, in the Baltimore Gazette, that a letter had been received there, containing the intelligence that the Cholera had made its appearance within our limits.

The statement is absolutely untrue—no case has occurred which would justify even the most terror stricken *Cholerist* in making such a communication. Indeed we greatly doubt whether any such letter was written by a citizen of Pittsburgh, and incline to believe that although the letter was dated and postmarked here, it must have been penned by a resident of a neighboring town, and that it was the product of a more calculating feeling than terror.

Mr. Sylvester has politely favored us with the Commercial Advertiser of New York, of the 5th inst., from which we take the following intelligence.

The Board of Health, in that city, at a quarter before one, P. M. on Thursday, reported, for the last 24 hours, *twenty* cases of Cholera, out of which number *eleven* deaths had occurred.

FOREIGN NEWS.—The New York packet brought news to the 1st June, from Liverpool. The Reform Bill was making rapid progress in the House of Lords. Earl Grey carries every thing in his own way. Wellington had gone to the country, to remain until the bill was passed, and most of the Tory Lords had also absented themselves.

The Cholera had almost disappeared from Paris. The Princess Louisa was soon to leave Paris, to be married to King Leopold.

It was stated that Ibrahim Pacha had obtained a victory over 15,000 Turkish troops, marching to the relief of St. Jean d'Acre, and it was supposed that place would consequently fall.

BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.—The bill rechartering this institution has at length passed both Houses of Congress—we give, to day, the yeas and nays in the House of Representatives—our State Delegation marked in Italics. Old Pennsylvania gave a noble vote. Mr. Muhlenburg, being interested in the Bank, was excused, at his own request, from voting—Adam King voted against the Bank, and the rest of the members from this State went in solid column in favor of the bill; thus giving, from this State, a majority of twenty-two for the bill, which is precisely the majority in the whole House. So that it would seem that the other States were just equally divided.

Conjecture is now busy as to the course the President will pursue. Will he approve the Blll; will he permit it to become a law, by holding it over the ten days; or, will he veto it? The stronger and more prevalent opinion seems to be, that he will place his negative upon it, and that, too, promptly. Many zealous partisans, opposed to his re-election, anxiously desire that he would do so. We hope and desire that he will act more wisely. We still entertain a strong hope that he will not *now, for the first time*, adhere too obstinately to his own crude and hastily formed opinions. He has heretofore expressed opinions, theoretically, which he very readily abandoned in practice, although the public welfare certainly required no such abandonment, and although an adherence to such opinions might actually have proved beneficial. Thus, before he was elected President, he denounced the appointment of members of Congress as dangerous and improper, and yet, when called upon to act, he appointed more members of Congress than had been done by any preceding administration.—It would, therefore, be a matter as well calculated to excite surprise as regret, that he should now persist in asserting the unconstitutionality of the Bank, and opposing the majority in both Houses of Congress, in the passage of a bill immediately connected with the public welfare.

In a previous Message, the President distinctly admitted that a National Bank, of some kind, was *necessary* for the purposes of government; connected with this admission, was a recommendation of a "National Bank, founded on the credit of the Government." The only objection to the present institution, was founded upon ill digested doubts of its constitutionality.

What is there, then, to counterbalance the grave constitutional doubt of the enlightened statesman who now directs the destinies of the nation? Is the question a new one? Has it never before been discussed? Is it a case of the first impression, one *now*, for the first time, submitted to the consideration of the statesmen of our country? If such were the case, the doubts of the President would be entitled to respect, at least with himself. Such however, is not the case. The subject is one which was discussed at an early period after the adoption of the Constitution, and since that time "all the departments of our government, at different periods of our history, under every administration, and during the ascendency of both political parties," have sanctioned a United States Bank.—Within three years after the adoption of our present Constitution, when most of the distinguished men who framed that Constitution were engaged in the councils of the nation, the act chartering the old bank was passed and approved. Subsequently, the renewal of this charter was advocated by Messrs. Gallatin and Crawford, and at a still later period Messrs. Madison, Dallas, and a majority of both Houses of Congress advocated, and approved the present charter. Still later, the Supreme Court of the United States, by a *unanimous* opinion, asserted the Constitutionality of the Bank. In addition to these, opinions of Hamilton, of Washington, of Madison, of majorities in both Houses of Congress at different times, and of the Supreme Court, President Jackson has also before him, in favor of the Bank, the clear and decided opinion of Mr. McLane, a member of his own cabinet, and the head of that very department to which the Bank is more immediately necessary. The opinions of the other members of his cabinet *proper* are, we believe, not generally known, but we entertain no doubt, that Messrs. Cass, Livingston, and Taney, are decidedly favorable to the continuance of this institution. We do, therefore, still hope that the President will not set up his own opinion and the opinions of his *irresponsible* advisers against the flood of authorities in favor of the Bank. To do so, would, in our apprehension, be a height of presumption of which we sincerely hope the President will not be guilty.

THERMOMETRICAL OBSERVATIONS.

	9 o'clock, A. M. Shade.	Sun.	3, P. M. Shade.	Sun.	9, P. M.	*Weather.*
July 1.	78	108	82	125	80	clear.
2.	78	102	85	108	80	cloudy.
3.	76	100	89	116	80	clear.
4.	79	102	86	129	82	do.
5.	75	81	84	122	78	cloudy.
6.	77	99	86	106	82	do.
7.	80	116	90	124	83	clear.

Extract of a letter from a member of Congress to the editor of the Baltimore Patriot, dated

"WASHINGTON, July 5.

"The Bank Bill has been sent to the President, and the rumor is that he will *veto* it, dated on the 4th of July, as an act worthy to be recorded on that day.

It is now confidently asserted that Mr. Secretary Livingston is to go to France, and Mr. Senator Forsyth, of Georgia, is to be Secretary of State! This is supposed to be merited by his hostility to Mr. Calhoun, and his late sincere attachment to the Hero.

Mr. McLane of the Treasury is reported to be in great trouble relative to the Bank, considering its continuance indispensable to the prosperous condition of the finances of the Government.

These are the rumors of the day. We are looking for the veto—and understand that the *Resolutions* requesting the President to set apart a day for Prayer that the Cholera may be diverted from the land, will share the same fate, as *unconstitutional*, no such *specification* being found in the Constitution, as appointing a day for Prayer, &c."

Yeas and nays, on the passage of the Bank Bill.

Yeas—Messrs. Adams, C. Allan, A. Allen, *Allison*, Appleton, Armstrong, Arnold, Ashley, Babcock, *Banks*, N. Barber, Barringer, Barstow, I. C. Bates, Boon, Briggs, *Bucher*, Bullard, *Burd*, Burges, Choate, Collier, L. Condict, S. Condit, E. Cooke, B. Cooke, Cooper, Corwin, *Coulter*, Craig, Crane, *Crawford*, Creighton, Daniel, John Davis, Dearborn, *Denny, Dewart*, Doddridge, Drayton, Ellsworth, G. Evans, J. Evans, E. Everett, H. Everett, *Ford, Gilmore*, Grennell, Hodges, *Heister, Horn*, Hughes, Huntington, Ihrie, Ingersoll, Irvin, Isacks, Jenifer, Kendall *H. King*, Kerr, Letcher, Mann, Marshall, Maxwell, *R. M'Coy*, M'Duffie, *M'Kennan*, Mercer, Milligan, *Muhlenberg*, Newton, Pearce, Pendleton, Pitcher, *Potts*, Randolph, J. Reed, Root, Russel, Semmes, W. B. Shepard, A. H. Shepperd, Slade, *Smith*, Southard, Spence, Stanberry, *Stephens, Stewart*, Storrs, *Sutherland*, Taylor, P. Thomas, Tompkins, Tracy, Vance, Verplanck, Vinton, Washington, *Watmough*, Wilkin, E. Whittlesy, F. Whittlesey, E. D. White, Wickliffe, Williams, Young—107.

Nays—Messrs. Adair, Alexander, Anderson, Archer, Barnwell, J. Bates, Beardsley, Bell, Bergen, Bethune, James Blair, John Blair, Bouck, Bouldin, Branch, J. C. Brodhead, Cambreleng, Carr, Chandler, Chinn, Claiborne, Clay, Clayton, Connor, Davenport, Dayan, Doubleday, Felder, Fitzgerald, Foster, Gaither, Gordon, Griffin, T. H. Hall, W Hall, Hammons, Harper, Hawes, Hawkins, Hoffman, Hogan, Holland, Howard, Hubbard, Jarvis, C. Johnson, Kavanagh, Kennon, *A. King*, J. King, Lamar, Lansing, Leavitt, Lecompte, Lewis, Lyon, *Mardis*, Mason *M'Carty*, *M'Intyre*, *M'Kay*, T. R. *Mitchell*, Newnan, Nuckolls, Patton, Pierson, Plummer, Polk, E. C. Reed, Rencher, Roane, Soule, Speight, Standifer, F. Thomas, W. Thompson, John Thompson, Ward, Wardwell, Wayne, Weeks, Wheeler, C. P. White, Wilde, Worthington—85.

Thomas J. Hutchinson.—The case of this unfortunate young man, convicted at the term of the Circuit Court of Adams county, just terminated, and now under sentence of death, for the forgery of a note, and also a check on the Branch Bank of the U. States at Natchez, has created an uncommon degree of excitement in the public mind. Petitions to the Governor are circulating in every direction, throughout this and the neighboring counties. Among others, we have seen one in the hands of two amiable young ladies, who, with a devotion to the cause of humanity, so characteristic of their tender sex, are industriously obtaining the signature of not only the married, but the single ladies in this vicinity, praying the mercy of the executive in behalf of the unhappy convict—that he may be permitted to live, to enable him to atone for past conduct; and, in their benevolent hopes, to be a protector to his distressed wife, and infant children.—*Natchez Gazette.*

Look and Learn.—A correspondent states that a well dressed woman, accompanied by an apparently genteel man, was seen walking through one of the streets at the southerly part of the city, yesterday morning, in a state of intoxication. She afterwards sat down on the pavement and resisted all the intreaties of her companion to proceed.—Being left alone, she lay down and went to sleep. One of the passers-by pinned a label to her clothing—'*Look and Learn?*' After being exposed for some time in this manner to the gaze of numerous spectators, some one took pity on the miserable wretch, laid her upon a wheelbarrow, and trundled her off to some less public situation.—*Bost. Cour.*

From the Baltimore American.

NEW YORK—THE CHOLERA.

From the Journal of Commerce, of Wednesday, we copy the following.

"*The Cholera.*—There was yesterday a great diminution of panic in regard to the Cholera, and many seemed to be of opinion that we had no unusual disease among us. We are sorry to say that we cannot honestly encourage such a belief. The cases which occurred yesterday, of a decided character, so far as has come to our knowledge, are five, viz: two in Water street, above Peck slip, one at a public house in Warren street, one at 204 Chambers street, and one at the corner of Washington and Duane streets. The cases in Water street were an Irishman and his wife, of intemperate habits.—They were attacked early yesterday morning; and died in the afternoon. The man in Warren street landed yesterday morning from some conveyance on the North River. He was alive last night at 9 o'clock, but his recovery was considered extremely doubtful. The boy at 204 Chambers street, (named Sutton,) retired in his usual health on Monday night, awoke his parents by his cries about 1 o'clock yesterday morning, had the same symptoms which have attended all the other cases, and died about 1 o'clock, P. M. We have seen a physician who was present at the post mortem examination. He tells us that though he has long been a practitioner in the city, and many cases of common cholera, first and last, under his charge, this peculiar modification of the disease is entirely new to him. The case at the corner of Duane and Washington streets, is an Irish woman. She was attacked night before last, and though living at 8 o'clock last night, was considered near her end. We have no wish to fix the term "Asiatic," or any other term, upon these cases,—but as far as the description goes, they are faithfully and truly stated, upon direct and competent authority. At the same time it is perfectly true that the *general* health of the city was never better. The number of deaths per week is less than usual. And whatever may be the character of these cases, there is no need of the panic, much less of running away from the city. We verily believe that those citizens who remain will be safer than those who remove."

The British Consul still continues to issue clean bills of health.

The second Edition of the New York Courier, under date of July 4, one o'clock, P. M. has no remark relative to the health of the city, and it is fair to presume that no new cases of sickness deserving notice had occurred. It has, however, the following paragraphs:—

The Cholera is breaking out in various places throughout the country. We do not think it is the *pestilence*, but the common American Cholera, heightened by panic.

In Troy, a few cases of common Cholera have appeared.

In Erie, Pa. 2 cases have also appeared.

In Albany they have three cases: we give an extract from the Evening Journal. The authorities of Albany have put a quarantine upon vessels and steamboats having Cholera on board. Ridiculous!

CHOLERA IN ALBANY.

From the Albany Evening Journal.

We cannot doubt but that it is our duty to report two cases of Cholera to-day, in this city.—William Teeling was attacked at 12 o'clock last night, and is now (12 at noon) dying. Doctors Van Antwerp, March, Bronson, and other physicians pronounce it a strongly marked case of *Malignant Cholera*. The subject lived near Fish slip, *surrounded by filth, and has been through life, an intemperate man.*

The second case is a son of Hugh Bradford, near the Watering Place, in South Market street. His friends say that he drank too much cold water yesterday. He was taken in the night and died at half past 11 o'clock this forenoon: *His habits have been irregular.*

That these men died of Cholera, of some kind, there is no doubt. Of its peculiar type we are unable to speak. The Board of Health will undoubtedly report upon them; and upon their report we shall rely with confidence.

MARRIED,

At New Philadelphia, on Tuesday, the 13th ultimo, by the Rev. Mr. Coudle, Mr. MEADVILL GRANT, to Miss JANE FULLERTON M'CULLOUGH, both of Washington county, Pa.

At Washington City, on Tuesday evening, June 26th, ISAAC SHELBY REED, Esq., of Mississippi, to ANN LAURA, daughter of Gen. Duff Green.

On the 5th inst., by Robert Christy, Esq., Mr. ISRAEL PHALIN to Miss ELIZA TAYLOR, all of this city.

BAIRD & BALDWIN,
Shipping and Commission Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
NO. 7 COMMERCIAL ROW.

☞ *Refer to*—
ALLEN & GRANT, *Pittsburgh.*
C. MACALLISTER, Jr. & Co., *Cincinnati.*
A. G. JAUDON & Co., *or*
MACALLISTER & YORK, *Philadelphia.*
WHITALL, JAUDON & Co., *or*
YORK, MACALLISTER & Co., *New Orleans.*
July 10, 1832.—tf

STRAY HORSE.—Broke into the premises of the subscriber, living in Plum township, Allegheny county, a BRIGHT BAY HORSE, with a snip on his nose, black mane and tail, seven or eight years old, about fifteen hands high—to appearance a reagling. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

JACOB STONMITS.

July 10—3t*

For Sale or Rent,

THE LOWER GREEN GLASS WORKS, (now in blast,) with all the houses, tools, and appurtenances thereto belonging, together with a first rate COAL BANK, unopened, not more than 150 yards from the Glass Works, calculated to last the Works for several years, with the addition of FOURTEEN ACRES OF LAND, adjoining the premises.—Possession given on the 1st of June.

ALSO, THE SALT WORKS,

on the same plat, with new metal, containing 1260 gallons; a sufficiency of Salt Water to make 30 bushels of good merchantable Salt per 24 hours. Abundance of Coal at the mouth of the Furnace. Possession given immediately. Apply to

S. W. CULBERTSON,
Executor, or to
A. CULBERTSON,
Executrix, on the premises.

July 10, 1832—3t

Next Saturday.

$30,000——2 of $10,000——4 of $5,000.
Only Ten Dollars.
Call without delay on the truly fortunate
S. J. SYLVESTER.

July 10.

A Natural Curiosity.

THE Director of the Pennsylvania Museum has the pleasure of announcing to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has engaged *Master Sanders K. G. Nellis*, the celebrated youth BORN WITHOUT ARMS, for a few days only.

M. Nellis goes through a variety of interesting performances, with his toes; such as cutting profiles, watch papers, shooting with a bow and arrow, dancing, singing, &c. For particulars, see bills.

He will make his first appearance on Monday, July 9th, and may be seen from 10 o'clock, A. M. until 10, P. M.

Admittance 25 cents: children under 12 years, 12½ cents. July 10

☞ The Subscriber, of the firm of STROOP & CAROTHERS, having declined business in favor of ISAIAH DICKEY, begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that the business will hereafter be conducted under the firm of DICKEY & CAROTHERS; who are now authorized to settle all transactions in their former business. JACOB STROOP.

Pittsburgh, July 9, 1832.

NEW WHOLESALE
Grocery and Commission Warehouse,
NUMBER 168 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

THE Subscribers are now receiving, and have on hand, from the eastern and southern markets, a large and well selected assortment of GROCERIES, which they offer for sale, on accommodating terms. Also, on hand, 3000 pounds prime Old Cheese.

DICKEY & CAROTHERS.

N. B. The highest price, in cash or groceries, will be paid for all kinds of country produce.

July 10.—tf

CIRCULAR
Of the Medical College of Ohio.

THE Trustees of this Institution, in issuing their annual circular, take pleasure in announcing the continued patronage and favorable regard of the Legislature of the State; and that abundant evidence has already been given, that the Medical College of Ohio will fully meet the expectations of its warmest friends. Its prosperity has been regularly and rapidly progressive. It commenced its first session in 1824-25 with a class of 15 students, and at its last session in 1831-2, the number of actual students was 131. The number of graduates at the last commencement was 36.

In addition to the buildings erected in 1826, a new edifice has been put up within the last year, which will add considerably to the convenience of the class. The whole structure presents a uniform front of 91 feet, having three distinct Lecture Rooms, a cabinet hall for natural and artificial curiosities, and an ample library department, with abundant accommodations for the prosecution of practical anatomy.

Appropriations have been made, to enable the Faculty to enlarge the Library, which will be found to embrace the best works in the various branches of medical science, as well as the prominent periodicals of this country and Europe.

Mammoth models have been procured for the use of the Professor of Anatomy, carved by Mr. Rush of Philadelphia, on the plan of those so advantageously employed in the University of Pennsylvania; and in addition to the regular course of lectures, private instructions will be given, as heretofore, and extensive accommodations offered to all who may desire to prosecute Practical Anatomy. In short, all the means of anatomical illustration, that can be had in any school of the United States, may be enjoyed in this establishment.

The Chemical department has also received very important accessions; it contains all the apparatus that is requisite to the successful teaching of this useful branch of medical science. It is furnished with fine specimens of the new French preparations and with a large number of pharmaceutical compounds. It contains the most powerful galvanic battery and the finest compound blowpipe in the Western country, together with many valuable articles, which need not be detailed.

For the better demonstration of the several subjects taught by the other Professors, a fine collection of enlarged plates, drawings, surgical and obstetrical instruments has been procured, and no reasonable expense will be spared, to insure the best possible effect to all their instructions.

In addition to the above advantages, it is proper to state, that the medical care of the *Commercial Hospital and Lunatic Asylum of Ohio*, is by law vested in the Faculty of the College. This institution offers ample opportunities for witnessing disease in almost every form, and the diligent student cannot fail to profit by the advantage it affords. Its Trustees propose to have it considerably enlarged, and, if practicable, ready for patients early in the approaching autumn.

Circumstances, some of which were not within the control of the Board, have been the occasion of several changes in the organization of the Faculty, within the last year. The unexpected resignation of Dr. Drake, whose talent and reputation were justly appreciated, seemed to impose the necessity of reducing the number of professorships, and as a consequence of that reduction, of vacating the chair of Obstetrics and the Diseases of Women and Children. Doctor Moorhead, who was known to be eminently qualified for the duties of that chair, was transferred to it, from the chair of Theory and Practice, at his own request: and Doctor Eberle, whose fame is proverbial, was appointed to the chair vacated by the transfer of Doctor Moorhead. It is believed, that all the chairs of the Institution are now filled by professors, whose talents and devotion to medical science, will bear an advantageous comparison with those of any other institution with which we are acquainted. An unusual degree of harmony and good feeling exists in the Faculty, which insures a cordial and united effort to advance the great objects of the school, and it is believed, that the present arrangement is such as to warrant public confidence and justify the expectation of efficient and permanent patronage. In all their deliberations, the Board have steadily kept in view, as the only motive of their conduct, the prosperity and usefulness of the College, and the elevation of the medical character, in the Western country.

The entire cost of a full course of Lectures, being at the rate of $15 for each ticket, and $3 for matriculation and the use of the Library, is ninety-three dollars. The Hospital ticket is a separate charge of five dollars, which the student may take or omit, at his pleasure.

The requisitions of candidates for graduation are:

First, Satisfactory certificates of having studied medicine with some respectable practitioner during three years, and of having attended two full courses of lectures; or

Secondly, Of having attended three successive courses of lectures, and studied, as before, during all the intervening time; or

Thirdly, Of having been in regular reputable practice, for the space of four years, and of having attended one full course of lectures. In all cases, the last course must be in this Institution.

The lectures will commence on the last Monday in October, and close in the last week in February. Students are required to matriculate on or before the 20th day of November, and remain in attendance until the end of the session, unless permitted to be absent by the Faculty.

N. B. The graduation fee is 25 dollars. A new Diploma plate will be procured in the present recess, of large size, and executed in the very best style.

By order of the Board of Trustees.
WM. CORRY, *President.*
SAMUEL W. DAVIES, *Secretary.*
Cincinnati, May 25, 1832. [July 10, 1832.—3t.]

FOR RENT.

THE Subscriber has for rent, the well known Tavern Stand, in Bridgewater, at the west end of the Big Beaver Bridge. The house is large and commodious, and well calculated for a public house, having four large rooms on the lower floor, with a nine feet entry—a large and convenient kitchen. On the second story are six sleeping rooms, all opening on an entry, with a cellar thirty feet square under one end of the house, and a small cellar under the other end, for the purpose of keeping liquors in, together with a suitable stable and garden, the whole in complete repair: the stand has been rated by the commissioners at the highest rate of license in the county, excepting the Economy Hotel. ☞ Immediate possession will be given to any person who shall rent the same.

JOSEPH HEMPHILL.

Beaver, June 12, 1832. [June 26.—3t]

SIX CENTS REWARD.—Ran away from the subscriber, on the 4th instant, FLETCHER GRAY, an indented apprentice to the Tanning and Currying Business. All persons are hereby warned against harboring or giving him employ, under the penalty of the law. The above reward, but no charges, will be paid for his return.

JOHN C. MOWRY.

Allegheny town, June 26, 1832.—3t

NOTICE.

I HAVE just commenced opening my spring supply of HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, of a superior quality, and laid in expressly for the retail trade of the city and vicinity: the assortment is very general, and articles of the newest patterns and fashions. Country Merchants are invited to call and judge for themselves, at No. 61 Market street, near the Diamond.

N. B. Those indebted, will please call and settle their accounts.

JAMES GRAY.

Feb. 17—w&1swtf Fourth street.

J. SHIDLE, Manufacturer of Paper Hangings, has removed to St. Clair street, near the Allegheny Bridge. march 9—tf.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 14, for 1832: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 14th of July, 1832. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Sixty Number Lottery: 9 Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$30,000 is	$30,000
2		10,000	20,000
4		5,000	20,000
10		1,000	10,000
1		640	640
20		500	10,000
46		300	13,800
51		200	10,200
51		100	5,100
51		50	2,550
102		40	4,080
102		30	3,060
1479		20	29,580
11475		10	114,750
34220	tickets.		$273,760

Tickets $10 00 | Halves - $5 00
Quarters 2 50 | Eighths - 1 25

Orders from abroad, enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

When five dollars or more is sent for tickets, postage need not be paid.

Packages of wholes and shares prepared, and will be sold by certificate or otherwise.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address

GEORGE A. COOK,

Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.

Where was sold, a few weeks since, the splendid capital prize of SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS; and where has been sold and paid, Prizes amounting to ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS!!

July 6, 1832.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 14, for 1832; to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of July, 1832. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. 60 No. Lottery: Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$30,000 is	$30,000
2		10,000	20,000
4		5,000	20,000
10		1,000	10,000
1		640	640
20		500	10,000
46		300	13,800
51		200	10,200
51		100	5,100
51		50	2,550
102		40	4,080
102		30	3,060
1479		20	29,580
11475		10	114,750
34220	tickets.		$273,760

Tickets $10 00 | Halves $5 00
Quarters 2 50 | Eighths 1 25

☞For Tickets and Shares, apply to or address

WM. HAMILTON,

No. 17 Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street.

July 6, 1832.

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51		200	10,200
51		100	5,100
51		50	2,550
102		40	4,080
102		30	3,060
1479		20	29,580
11475		10	114,750
34220	tickets.		$273,760

Whole tickets, $10 00 | Halves, - $5 00
Quarters, ' 2 50 | Eighths, 1 25

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address,

JOHN SIBBET,

At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000 and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.

July 6, 1832.

EXCHANGE.

	per ct.		per ct.
Geauga	2	N. Y. State gen.	1¼a2
Wilksbarre	1	New England bks.	2
Chambersburgh	1	Dayton	2
Lebanon, Pa.	1	Urbanna	2
Muskingum, Ohio,	1	Scioto	3
Virginia	1	Michigan	3
New York City	1	Canada	4
South Carolina	3	Louisiana	5
North Carolina	6	Natchez	5
Cleaveland	2		

Most other Banks one half per cent.

☞Wanted—Sovereigns, Guineas, Napoleons, Doubloons, and American Gold.

Notes and Drafts collected on all the principal places in the United States.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood st. Pittsburgh.

June 8, 1832.

30 Hhds. Superior quality Leaf Tobacco (new crop)—received per Polander.

For sale by RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

may 25, 1832.

ON RAIL ROADS.

WOODS' PRACTICAL TREATISE *on Rail Roads:* illustrated by numerous Engravings.

For sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co. Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. June 29

New Publications.

BROUSSAIS' Principles of Physiological Medicines, in the *form of propositions;* embracing Physiology, Pathology, and Thereapeutics, with Commentaries on those relating to Pathology: translated from the French, by Isaac Harp, M. D. and R. E. Griffith, M. D.

Beechey's Narrative of a Voyage to the Pacific, and Beering's Strait, to co-operate with the Polar Expeditions, performed in his Majesty's Ship Blossom, in the years 1825, '26, '27, and '28: 1 vol. 8vo.

Family Library, No. 32---Turner's Sacred History of the World, 1 vol.

H. Lee's Observations on the Writings of Thomas Jefferson, 1 vol. 8vo.

S. R. Hall's Lectures to Female Teachers.

Just received and for sale by

D. M. HOGAN,

July 6, 1832.---2t. No. 73 Wood street.

FOR RENT,

WAREHOUSE, No. 81 Liberty street, (Bayard's Row,) in the occupancy of the subscribers, and of which possession will be given immediately. For terms, apply to WM. D. HARRIS & Co.

July 6---3t

New Hardware Store,

NO. 66, WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

LOGAN & KENNEDY, having just received an extensive assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Saddlery, &c., respectfully invite the attention of Merchants, Mechanics, and others.

Also, a well selected assortment of *Union Factory* bench and moulding Planes.

Feb. 21, 1832.---tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of James Sample, Esq., late of Ross township, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, and all creditors are requested to present their claims to the subscribers.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF LAND, situated on the Allegheny river and Pennsylvania canal, three miles above Pittsburgh, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which are cleared and in good order, on which are a good barn and orchard.

The Docket of the deceased is placed in the hands of Thomas Sample, Esq. of Allegheny.

THOMAS SAMPLE, } *Ex'rs.*
WILLIAM SAMPLE, }

Feb. 28, 1832.---tf

JUST RECEIVED,

AN Assortment of *Curtain Bands, Knobs, Rings, Fringe, Locks, &c.*, suitable for furnishing Steam Boats—on accommodating terms, by SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK & Co., Corner of Wood and Fifth streets.

Pittsburgh, march 15—tf.

Pittsburgh Starch Manufactory.

STARCH manufactured at the above establishment, may be had at the store of George Kirkpatrick, No. 8 Diamond Alley, or at either of the following stores—James Park & Co.; Tassey & Church; I. R. Smith & Co.; J. D. Davis, or Gabriel Adams. ALEX. FERGUSON,

June 18.—tf. GEO. KIRKPATRICK.

COOK'S REGISTER *and Lottery and Exchange Telegraph* is published semi-monthly, at one dollar per annum.

Contents—Bank Note Table of the Rates of Exchange at Pittsburgh; a copious description of the altered and counterfeit Bank Notes that are in circulation in the west; a list of Broken Banks; prices of Gold, Stocks, &c. Subscriptions received at GEORGE A. COOK'S Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

October 21, 1831.—tf

HARDWARE.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK & Co. are now opening a very extensive assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, and Plated Ware, to which they most respectfully invite the attention of Country Merchants and Saddlers. A large proportion of their goods have been imported direct from Liverpool, (England,) *via* New Orleans, and will be sold on accommodating terms.

march 16—tf.

NOTICE.

THE public will please to take notice that the partnership heretofore existing between William B. Barnett and James S. Barnett, is this day dissolved, not by mutual consent, but by the power that one of the partners holds in his hands.

Pittsburgh, 5th day of March, 1832.

All persons are hereby forbid trusting either of the partners on the responsibility of the other.

JAMES S. BARNETT.

march 9, 1832.

BENJAMIN DARLINGTON,

NO. 49 MARKET STREET,

HAS just received and is now opening a very general assortment of *Hardware, Cutlery, and Saddlery*—all which is offered low Wholesale or Retail.

LOTS.

Also, a number of valuable Building Lots for sale. For terms, apply as above.

February 7, 1832.—tf.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.

Mobile, may 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL

No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,

MANUFACTURER OF

Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. march 19—tf.

LIQUORS.

3 PIPES Bordeaux Brandy;
2 do Holland Gin;
30 Quarter Casks Sweet Malaga Wine.

Just received and for sale by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

march 9.

55 BALES COTTON;
33 HOGSHEADS TOBACCO;
10 BALES TOBACCO.

Just received and for sale by

MOSES ATWOOD,

may 22. *No. 84, Front street.*

75 Bbls. Molasses, received per Transport, and for sale by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

may 25, 1832.

WASHINGTON STREET

COMMERCIAL ACADEMY.

ALLEGHENY,

UNDER the direction of *William Staunton*, is now open for the reception of Pupils—the School Rooms are large and airy, the situation pleasant and healthy.

The Female department is under the government of Mrs. Heywood, a teacher of superior acquirements, who, in addition to the usual studies, will teach every kind of ornamental needle work.

Terms in each school, per quarter—

Reading and Writing, -	$4
Arithmetic, Grammar, &c., -	5
Geography and Astronomy,	6

June 12, 1832.—3w

WANTED

NOTES of the Old Bank of Steubenville, for which 80 cents on the dollar will be paid.

GEORGE A: COOK,

No, 68, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

N. B.---$4 76 cts. paid for Sovereigns. Wanted 3000 as above. July 3.

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED, with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. April 26

ABSCONDED

FROM the employment of the subscriber, on the 20th inst., an indented apprentice, named ALEXANDER M'CARTNEY; 18½ years of age. All persons are hereby forbidden to harbor or employ said apprentice, as the penalty of the law will been forced against them.

June 29—3t F. A. BEMIS.

PIG METAL.

THE Subscribers have just received, per Amulet, a Lot of Pig Metal, which they offer for sale. As they are receiving heavy consignments, they will shortly be enabled to offer to the consumers a regular supply of this article.

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Nov. 29.—tf

☞*PLOWMAN'S PRINTING INK.*

PLOWMAN'S Superior PRINTING INK, for fall use, in kegs containing 24 lbs., for sale by HOGAN & Co., Corner of Front and Market streets. Pittsburgh, Sept. 10.—tf.

HOLDERS OF NOTES on the Westmoreland Bank of Greensburgh, will find it to their advantage to call at this office. The highest price will be paid for this paper, if presented immediately. GEORGE A COOK,

Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood str't.

August 30, 1831

THOMAS L. SHIELDS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW:

OFFICE at the South West corner of Market street and the Diamond—entrance, No. 3 in the Diamond. Dec. 20, 1831.—tf

ALLEGHENY LOTS.

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit of from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.

Aug. 25, 1826.—tf. *Allegheny Town*

BANK OF GEAUGA AT PAINESVILLE,---The Notes of this Institution are received at this office, at 2 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Lottery and Exchange Broker, Number 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

January 17.

F. A. BEMIS & CO.

NO. 24 WATER STREET,

BUILD TO ORDER, Steam Engines, Boilers, Governors, Turning Lathes, Fire Engines, Shearing Machines, Blades, and Machinery, generally. Turning, of every description, done at a short notice

Pittsburgh, January 24—tf

FOR SALE,

A VERY ELIGIBLE PIECE OF GROUND upon Market street, in the city of Pittsburgh, between Second and Third streets, now occupied by H. Ward, containing, in Front, on Market street, thirty-two, and extending back sixty feet.—For terms, inquire of JOHN HORNER.

Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

Steel Hoes.

AS Agent for Ephraim Estep, I expect to be constantly supplied with the above article, of a superior quality.—They are offered at the most favorable manufacturers' rates.

M. ATWOOD,

march 27. Corner of Wood & Front sts.

REMOVAL.

JOHN I. KAY & Co. have removed their stock of Books to No. 44 Market street, opposite the Pittsburgh Bank, where they will continue to keep on hands, a General Assortment of

Books and Stationery,

Which they will dispose of at very low prices.

N. B. Merchants' orders put up on the most reasonable terms. April 6, 1832.—tf

Valuable Real Estate in the Market.

FOR SALE,

TWENTY-TWO LOTS, handsomely situated on Grant's hill, in Hoge's extension, near the tunnnel.

Upwards of forty lots in the village of Lawrenceville.

A number of valuable lots situate on the Monongahela river, and on either side of the extension of Second street, adjacent to the city.

Two valuable tracts of land, situate about 7 miles from Pittsburgh, near the Washington Turnpike Road and Chartier's creek.

The lot of ground, in Pittsburgh, on which the old banking-house now stands. Terms of payment will be made easy. Apply to

A. BRACKENRIDGE,

April 6.—tf At the Office B. U. S.

30 CASKS superior Sugar-house Molasses;
400 Missouri Hides;
10 quarter Casks Malaga Wine;
20 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
50 boxes smoked Herring;
100 do. Cincinnati Soap;

Received by late arrivals, and for sale by

H. MAC SHANE,

Feb. 14---tf. 76 Front street.

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Refer to M'KEE, CLARKE & Co. }
JAS. ADAMS, Jr. & Co. } Pittsburgh.
HAMILTON STEWART, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

may 14, 1830.—tf.

Office of the Allegheny Bridge Co. }
July 2, 1832. }

THE President and Managers have, this day, declared a dividend of four per cent. on the Capital Stock for the last six months, which will be paid to Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on or after the 12th instant.

JOHN SNYDER,

July 6, 1832.—3t. *Treasurer, pro tem.*

RECORDING REGULATOR'S OFFICE —The subscriber has removed his office to No. 33 St. Clair street, near the Allegheny Bridge. City and Country SURVEYING attended to as usual. JEAN BARBEAU.

N. B. Maps of Pittsburgh and its Environs, for sale at this office. Nov 15

TO LET,

A COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE pleasantly situated on the south side of the Monongahela river, a few perches above the Bridge. Apply to the subscriber.

FREDERICK BAUSMAN.

may 11, 1832.—tf

JUST received, and for sale by COCHRAN & IRWIN,
200 bbls. No 2, MACKEREL;
50 hhds. N. O. SUGAR;
100 bbls. ROSIN;
5,000 lbs. Superior LAMP BLACK.

Pittsburgh, June 8.

A. W. FOSTER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS removed to the Diamond, west of the Court House, and next door to the office of the 'Pittsburgh Gazette.'

April 3, 1832.---wly

FOR SALE,

A FIVE ACRE LOT, in the Reserved Tract opposite Pittsburgh, fronting on Island lane, and adjoining Mr. Robinson's lots, and near Joseph Snyder's lot. For terms, apply to the subscriber, near this lot JOHN CAMLRON.

June 1.---wtf.

Patent Vice Manufactory.

A. LAMONT & CO. have the pleasure of informing their friends, and the public generally, that having nearly completed their arrangements, including the erecting of a Steam Engine, they will be able to supply all orders for their Vices, at the shortest notice.

As they intend to make it a permanent business, and have no doubt of their manufactory being of great benefit to the country at large, they expect, by dealing on liberal terms, to meet with a share of public patronage.

All orders, directed to A. Lamont & Co., Allegheny town, or to John Irwin, Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to.

A. LAMONT & CO.

Allegheny town, April 20.—tf.

☞The public are hereby warned, not to infringe on the patent rights of the subscribers, as in all cases the penalty, agreeably to law, will be strictly enforced. A. LAMONT & CO.

RECEIVED,

By late arrivals, and for Sale on accommodating terms, by the Subscribers—

50 Hogsheads New Orleans SUGAR;
20 bbls. Tanners' OIL;
7 Casks and 3 barrels Sperm. OIL;
20 Barrels Refined Whale do
2 Casks Racked do do
12 Ceroons Spanish LEAF TOBACCO;
75 Barrels PITCH;
33 Boxes Smoked HERRING;
77 do Sperm. CANDLES;
2 Hogsheads MADDER;
90 Barrels LOAF SUGAR;
90 Boxes TIN PLATE, ½ X;
24 Half and Whole Tierces RICE;
16 Pigs Block TIN;
12 Boxes CLARET;
5 Kegs LIME JUICE;
5 Qr. Casks Marseilles Madeira WINE;
10 Barrels ALUM;
6 Bales ALMONDS;
98 DEMIJOHNS, assorted;
50 Barrels No. 3 MACKEREL.

DOBBIN & IRWIN,

Corner of Market and Water streets.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1832.---tf

Machine Card Factory.

GEORGE FABER & SONS respectfully inform the public that they have in operation, at their factory, No. 116 Wood street, a number of Sticking Machines, which enable them to supply, with promptitude, to any extent, orders for Cards of every description—Cotton and Woollen Manufacturers, and Carding Machine builders, will be accommodated on reasonable terms, with a very superior quality, equal to any manufactured in the United States.

The Public are most respectfully referred to the following certificates.

Gentlemen—We are in receipt of your letter of 18th inst., and in reply, have to say that all the Cards purchased by us from your concern, has upon trial, proved to be good; we incline to the opinion that they are superior to any we have bought east of the mountains. Very respectfully,

MOORES & WILSON,

Point Cotton Factory, Wheeling, Va.

To Messrs. G. Faber & Sons, Pittsburgh.

Nov. 21, 1831.

We have had in use, for some time, the Machine Cards manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, of Pittsburgh, and have no hesitation in pronouncing them equal to any Cards heretofore made use of in our establishment.

JAMES ARTHURS & BROTHERS.

The undersigned have been using, for the last six months, Cards manufactured by G. Faber & Sons, of Pittsburgh, and unhesitatingly say, they are the best they ever worked: they recommend manufacturers to give them a trial for themselves, and believe they will not be disappointed in their quality.

THORNILEY & TOWNSEND.

Fallston, Nov. 22, 1831.

The Card Clothing manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, which we have in use in our establishment, (the Hope Cotton Factory,) has given the greatest satisfaction, and we feel justifiable in recommending them to others.

SHOENBERGER, WRENSHALL & Co.

The Machine Cards, manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, Pittsburgh, some of which are in use in the manufactories at Economy, Beaver county, Pa., have given entire satisfaction, and therefore have no hesitation in recommending them to the patronage of the manufacturers generally. Yours, respectfully,

FREDERICK RAPP.

December 30—tf

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having disposed of their interest in the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. retired from the concern on the 7th instant. The transactions of the house are continued as heretofore under the firm of

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Mr. Jacob Forsyth, late of Louisville, and Mr. Robert M. Riddle, of this city, succeed us in the active management of the concern, and will devote their whole attention to its business. We have entire confidence in the ability and disposition of our successors to promote the interest of their correspondents, and would therefore recommend them as deserving the continued support and favor of our friends.

JOHN S. RIDDLE,
JOHN D. BAIRD.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 18, 1831.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO. of Wheeling.

THE Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Wheeling, incorporated by the Legislature of Virginia, is duly organised and prepared to take both Fire and Marine risks on the customary terms. Officers for the current year:

JAMES H. FORSYTH, *President.*

Moses W. Chapline,	George Dulty,
Marcus Wilson,	Henry Moore,
William Lambdin,	Thomas Hughes,
William B. Tyson,	Ebenezer Zane,

Directors.

M. Nelson, *Sec'y.* Jan. 17.—tf.

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, may 10, 1831---tf

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf. *Executors.*

NOTES of the Dayton Manufacturing and Banking Company are received at this office at 3 per cent. discount

GEORGE A. COOK.

Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood str't

November 1

RECTIFYING DISTILLERY,

AND

WINE AND LIQUOR STORE.

WM. MITCHELTREE & SON respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have removed their RECTIFYING DISTILLERY from Gray's Row, St. Clair street, to *No.* 162 *Liberty street*, (opposite to Sixth street,) where they continue to manufacture, in quantity, the following Liquors, which they will sell wholesale and retail on reasonable terms.

Brandy,	Cinnamon Cordial,
Rum,	Carraway do.
Gin,	Per. Love do.
Rectified Whiskey,	Rose do.
1st and 4th proof,	Lemon do.
Alcohol,	Annisseed do.
Peppermint Cordial,	Clove do.

Domestic Wine, Cherry Bounce, Bitters, and Essences.

In addition to the above, they have laid in and intend constantly keeping the following

WINES AND LIQUORS.

French Brandy,	Madeira Wine,
Holland Gin,	Lisbon do.
Jamaica Spirits,	Teneriffe do.
Port Wine,	Malaga do.

☞ Monongahela Whiskey by the barrel, keg, &c.

N. B.—Goods delivered, drayage free, within the limits of the city.

Grocers, tavern-keepers, and others wanting to purchase, are invited to call and examine their stock. March 30—6m.

REMOVAL.

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO. have removed to their New Warehouse, one door west of Market, on Water street—second building below their old stand. March 9.

NEW COACH MANUFACTORY.

THE subscribers are desirous of informing the public that they have commenced the *COACH MAKING, in all its various branches*, near the end of the *Allegheny Bridge, Saint Clair street, Pittsburgh*, where they intend manufacturing *Post Coaches, Coachees, Barouches, Chariotees, Cariolees, Gigs, Sulkeys, Dearborns, &c. &c.*

Having supplied themselves with as good a lot of materials as the country can afford, and having none but first rate mechanics, they flatter themselves that they are enabled to give general satisfaction to those who may favor them.

Stage Proprietors are respectfully requested to give them a call, and examine for themselves.—All work done, warranted of the best materials and workmanship. ☞Repairing done with despatch.

On hand, for sale, 1 Nine Passenger Coach; 1 light Dearborn, with falling top.

HISE, COLE & GREER.

N. B. Wanted, a lad between 14 and 17 years of age, to learn the Coach Trimming.

march 20, 1832.---tf

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS,—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns: and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.

September 18. 1829.—tf.

PRESSED GLASS KNOBS.

THE subscribers, having purchased from the New England Glass Company the exclusive right to make Patent Pressed Glass Knobs west of the Allegheny Mountains, hereby caution all persons against making, buying, or selling the same, except such as are manufactured by the Patentees, or

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS.

May 9 1832.—tf

MICHIGAN, URBANA, AND SCIOTO, BANK NOTES, are received at per three cent discount. *Wanted*, Georgia, North and South Carolina Money. Also, Sovereigns, Guineas, Doubloons, &c. GEORGE A. COOK,

Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Woodstreet.

September 20

TILT HAMMERED SPADES & SHOVELS.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality. Also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by S. P. DARLINGTON & Co.

Corner of Fourth and Wood streets.

march 22, 1831.---tf

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

WHOLESALE

Earthen-Ware House,

No. 37, Wood Street, Pittsburgh,

Next door to Messrs. Tassey & Church, and nearly opposite Griffith's Hotel.

THE undersigned have made arrangements for regular importations of

China and Earthen-Ware,

And they expect within a few weeks to receive their spring stock of Ware, which will be of the first quality, newest pattern, and quite as extensive as any wholesale house West of the Mountains.

A very general assortment of Pittsburgh manufactured *GLASS* will be kept on hand.

Orders for Ware, left at this house, shall be packed with care and punctuality.

Prices and terms will be found accommodating.

STANDISH PEPPARD,
JAMES CALLAN.

Feb. 28, 1832.---tf

HOGE & WAINWRIGHT,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.

RESPECTFULLY request the attention of Country Merchants, Saddlers, and others, to their Stock of Goods, a greater part of which is of their own importation; and in part, consists of Griffin's, Waldron's, Passmore's, and Wilson's Scythes; Knives and Forks; Pen, Pocket, and Blade Knives; Locks; Latches; Butt Hinges; Screws; Sheep Shears; Cast, Shear, and Blister Steel—a fine assortment of Waiters, &c. &c.

Having made arrangements for the importation of our own Goods in future, and determined to use every exertion to give satisfaction, we feel confident that we shall be enabled to meet the wishes of those who may favor us with their custom.

Pittsburgh, march 23, 1832.—tf

New Medical Work.

JACKSON'S PRINCIPLES OF MEDICINE.—The Principles of Medicine, founded on the Structure and Functions of the Animal Organism. By Samuel Jackson, M. D. For sale by JOHN I. KAY & CO., *Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.* June 26.—4t.

ONLY 25 CENTS.

LEE'S UNPARALLELED ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS, price 25 and 50 cents per box—famous for the cure of Bilious and other destructive fevers, obstinate obstructions of the stomach and bowels, giddiness, sickness of the stomach, removing colds, costiveness, &c. &c.

Dear Sir—Having made use of the various Pills in my family, offered to the public for the past five years, and having found your celebrated Anti-Bilious Pills the most efficacious in cleansing the stomach and bowels, removing head-aches, sick stomach, and having used them for several years past, I can have no hesitation in stating, that I believe them, as represented, a most valuable Family Medicine. JACOB SMALL,

Mayor of the city of Philadelphia.

To Mr. Noah Ridgely.

CAUTION.—Please ask for Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills, prepared by Noah Ridgely—and see that his name is on the outside wrapper—no other are genuine. None of Lee's medicines are genuine without the name of Noah Ridgely on them.

Twenty years.—LEE'S ELIXIR has for twenty years, been a most successful medicine, for the cure of colds, coughs, spitting of blood, asthma, consumptions, and other complaints of the lungs and breast, as many of our citizens have certified.

To Mr. Noah Ridgely, of Baltimore.

Dear Sir—I was attacked with a most violent cold, a severe cough, and pains in the breast, which continued to grow worse, during which my appetite failed and my voice altered so much, that it was with the utmost exertions I could pronounce a single sentence louder than breath. I bought and used one phial of your valuable Elixir, which restored me to perfect health. Yours, with respect. J. A. SMITH,

Market street, Fell's Point.

Lee's Worm Lozenges, a certain and powerful remedy for destroying all kinds of worms.

Wonderful Tape Worm! A part of a tape worm passed by a lady 40 years old, which measures 3 feet long, and contains three hundred joints. This worm, with two round worms 13 to 15 inches long, and three fourths of an inch round, expelled from a child not five years old, by the use of Lee's Lozenges, are now to be seen at Lee's Family Medicine Dispensary, No. 63, Hanover street, Baltimore.

Lee's Nervous Cordial, an excellent medicine for all nervous affections, weakness, pain in the loins, back, &c.

Lee's Essence of Mustard! No remedy ever excelled this in curing rheumatism, sprains, bruises, frosted feet, &c.

Lee's Ague and Fever Drops, a never failing cure.

Sir—You are at full liberty to use my name in recommending your Lee's infallible Ague and Fever Drops, as, from repeated trials of them in my family, I have always found those Drops to be truly an infallible medicine, never failing to produce a speedy and effectual cure. Yours, respectfully,

MICHAEL WARNER.

To Mr. Noah Ridgely.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment, warranted to cure the ITCH by one application.

Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion, An excellent medicine for curing tetters, ringworms, prickly heat, &c.

Lee's Indian Vegetable Specific, an effectual cure for the Venereal and Gonorrhœa.

Lee's Tooth-Ache Drops, which give immediate relief.

Lee's Tooth Powder, which cleanses and beautifies the teeth.

Lee's Eye Water, a certain cure for sore eyes.

Lee's Anodyne Elixir, for the cure of head-aches.

Lee's Corn Plaster, for removing and destroying corns.

Hundreds of cases of cures performed by the above truly valuable medicines could be given, did the limits of a newspaper admit of it.

☞ The above highly approved medicines are sold by appointment, by B. A. FAHNESTOCK and CHAS. AVERY & CO., Pittsburgh, who have just received a fresh supply from Baltimore.

November 4—tf

Jefferson Foundry.

THE UNDERSIGNED most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Iron Foundry Business, on the premises, Front street, (between Smithfield and Grant streets,) known as the Jefferson Foundry, where all orders will be received for Castings, Land or Boat Steam Engines, Machinery, &c., and will be executed with punctuality, and on the most reasonable terms.

SAM'L SMITH,
BENJ. MINIS.

may 4, 1832---tf

Edgeworth Ladies' Boarding School,

BRADDOCKSFIELD, NEAR PITTSBURGH,

Will recommence its engagements on the first Monday of October next.

THE increased and increasing approbation given to this institution cannot fail to produce a corresponding zeal and energy, and a desire to secure a settled good opinion. At this time very many additions have been made, for the convenience, comfort, and well doing of the pupils.—In so large a field as is open for education, understood in its true and extensive sense, there must be room for continual culture. Unabated will be the effort to do the utmost possible to meet so responsible a charge as the care of youth, and to this effort will be added the aid experience brings.—With little observation, in every succeeding month, somewhat is seen to revise and improve.

Edgeworth Seminary has been now of several years standing, and, disclaiming all egotism, it is only the fact to say that experience enables it to offer rather an increase than a diminution of means to give satisfaction.

The health enjoyed by the inmates, and beauty of situation of Braddocksfield Mansion, are well known to visiters, but for information of strangers, it is necessary to state, that in both particulars terms too flattering cannot easily be used.

To instruct, coercive means are not employed—reference is made to the heart as well as the head. Pains are taken to inculcate, that to be great, it is an indispensable to be virtuous; and as the worth of knowledge is only to be estimated by its tendency to right action, the study of every branch, and the proportion of time given to it, will be made subservient and tributary to useful moral and religious improvement.

Sabbath day engagements must not be interrupted unnecessarily. Pupils living at a distance, or from any cause, disposed to make Braddocksfield, during the vacation, their home, are invited to do so, and no additional charge is made.

TERMS.

Admission, Tuition in English branches, viz:—Reading, Writing, Grammar, Composition, Arithmetic, Geography, and Astronomy, with use of Globes, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, and History; also Plain and Ornamental Needle Work, - - - *per annum*, $130

Tuition in Music, - - - - - 40

Drawing, Pencil, Crayon, and Water Colors, - 24

Oil Painting, - - - - 40

French, - - - - - 20

Pupils engaging in all the studies, the total charge does not exceed two hundred dollars a year. Payment three months in advance.

M. OLVER.

September 13, 1831.

MACHINE CARDS.

ON hand, and for sale, at the lowest market price, a good assortment of Machine Cards, from the factory of John A. Smith, Leicester, Massachusetts. Messrs. William Bell & Co., having given up their agency for that factory, their former customers for cards are respectfully invited to call on me for the article. C. CURTIS,

Corner of Third and Wood streets.

march 16, 1832.—4m